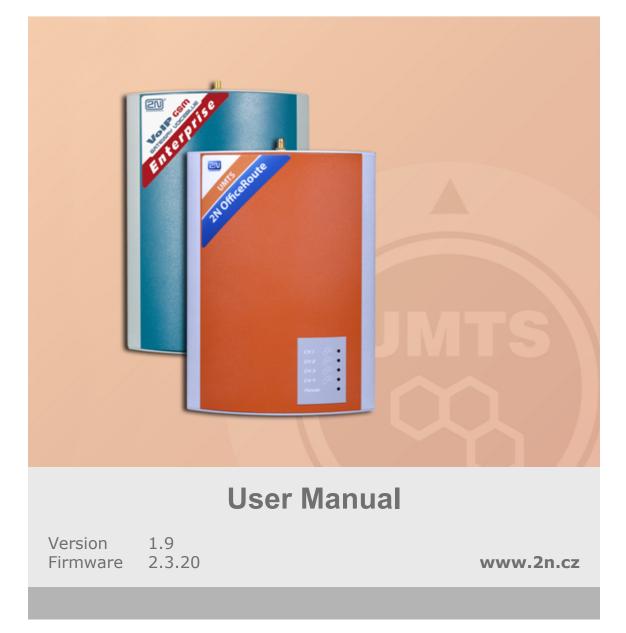


2N[®] OfficeRoute

UMTS Gateway



The 2N TELEKOMUNIKACE joint-stock company is a Czech manufacturer and supplier of telecommunications equipment.



The product family developed by 2N TELEKOMUNIKACE a.s. includes GSM gateways, private branch exchanges (PBX), and door and lift communicators. 2N TELEKOMUNIKACE a.s. has been ranked among the Czech top companies for years and represented a symbol of stability and prosperity on the telecommunications market for almost two decades. At present, we export our products into over 120 countries worldwide and have exclusive distributors on all continents.



2N[®] is a registered trademark of 2N TELEKOMUNIKACE a.s.. Any product and/or other names mentioned herein are registered trademarks and/or trademarks or brands protected by law.



2N TELEKOMUNIKACE administers the FAQ database to help you quickly find information and to answer your questions about 2N products and services. On www.faq.2n.cz you can find information regarding products adjustment and instructions for optimum use and procedures "What to do if...".



Declaration of Conformity

2N TELEKOMUNIKACE hereby declares that the $2N^{\textcircled{R}}$ OfficeRoute product complies with all basic requirements and other relevant provisions of the 1999/5/EC directive. For the full wording of the Declaration of Conformity see the CD-ROM enclosed and at www.2n.cz.



The 2N TELEKOMUNIKACE company is the holder of the ISO 9001:2009 certificate. All development, production and distribution processes of the company are managed by this standard and guarantee a high quality, technical level and professional aspect of all our

Obsah

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User manual 2N® OfficeRoute v1.9

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- <u>6.2 Troubleshooting</u>
 <u>6.3 General Instructions and Cautions</u>

Recently Updated

•	3.7 Administration updated by Šindelář Radek, 2N (view change)	about 2 hours ago
	4.2 Messaging updated by Šindelář Radek, 2N (view change)	about 2 hours ago
-	User manual 2N® OfficeRoute v1.9 updated by Brigádník TestTeam 01, 2N	(<u>view change</u>) about 5 hours ago
	6.3 General Instructions and Cautions updated by Fetr Martin, 2N (view cl	<u>hange</u>) Mar 15, 2013
	User manual 2N® OfficeRoute v1.9 updated by Fetr Martin, 2N (view chan	<u>ge</u>) Mar 15, 2013
	User manual 2N® OfficeRoute v1.9 created by Fetr Martin, 2N	Mar 13, 2013
	6.2 Troubleshooting created by Fetr Martin, 2N	Mar 13, 2013
	6.1 Regulations created by Fetr Martin, 2N	Mar 13, 2013
	6. Supplementary Information created by Fetr Martin, 2N	Mar 13, 2013
	5.1 Technical Parameters created by Fetr Martin, 2N	Mar 13, 2013
	5. Technical Parameters created by Fetr Martin, 2N	Mar 13, 2013
	4.3 Factory Reset created by Fetr Martin, 2N	Mar 13, 2013
	4.2 Messaging created by Fetr Martin, 2N	Mar 13, 2013
	4.1 States and Logs created by Fetr Martin, 2N	Mar 13, 2013
	4. Function and Use created by Fetr Martin, 2N	Mar 13, 2013

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1. Product Overview

In this section, we introduce the $2N^{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mathbb{R}}}}$ OfficeRoute/ $2N^{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mathbb{R}}}}$ VoiceBlue Enterprise, outline its application options and highlight the advantages following from its use. Here is what you can find in this section:

- <u>1.1 Product Description</u>
 <u>1.2 Changes</u>
- 1.3 Terms and Symbols Used

1.1 Product Description

Product Presentation

- The 2N[®] OfficeRoute/2N[®] VoiceBlue Enterprise gateways provide a direct interconnection of VoIP, GSM and UMTS (UMTS only in 2N[®] OfficeRoute) networks with the support of SIP and H.323 signalling protocols.
- The voice mode, i.e. outgoing or incoming calls, is the basic function of the system. The gateway is equipped with all functions necessary for such use and provides a very high comfort in this mode.
- The data mode, i.e. HSPA/EDGE/GPRS (for 2N[®] OfficeRoute) or GPRS (for 2N[®] VoiceBlue Enterprise) data router, gives a possibility to the device as a router, firewall and DNS proxy. It also has a DHCP server functionality. There is also a very unique feature VRRP+ (Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol) so it can serve as a back-up route for your Internet connectivity.
- In addition to voice transmission, 2N[®] OfficeRoute/2N[®] VoiceBlue Enterprise can send and receive short text messages (SMS). It gives you an option to integrate the SMS functionality into your email client (i.e. MS Outlook).
- 2N[®] OfficeRoute/2N[®] VoiceBlue Enterprise contains a built-in SIP proxy server and can thus serve as an IP PBX for SIP telephones.
- No extra equipment (an external GSM telephone, etc.) is needed for normal operation. All programmable parameters are default-preset in such a manner that you can commence your telephone traffic the moment you connect the Ethernet and supply the cables, antenna and SIM card and set the IP parameters.
- There are three versions of 2N[®] OfficeRoute:
 - with UMTS and GSM modules (see the current order numbers on www.2n.cz)
 - with GSM modules only (505604E and 505602E)
 - without UMTS/GSM modules (5056990E)

How to Save Telephone Costs

- You are advised to use the most advantageous tariff of your GSM provider for your UMTS/GSM calls.
- You can bar selected numbers or groups of numbers in your gateway. You shall pay nothing for the calls you have barred.
- 2N[®] OfficeRoute/2N[®] VoiceBlue Enterprise keeps detailed records on all calls. This helps you find out easily why your bill is higher than it should be
- The Least Cost Router is flexible enough to help you set rules for GSM/UMTS/SIP/H.323 calling at the lowest possible operation costs.

Other Advantages and Applications

- 2N[®] OfficeRoute/2N[®] VoiceBlue Enterprise integrates the best of all communication technologies.
- With the aid of a built-in SIP proxy server you can create a complete VoIP network without additional third party products' costs.
- The intelligent routing of incoming calls accelerates the connection of incoming calls and makes calling more comfortable.
- An easily recordable DISA voice message function is available.
- You can use the fax whether or not you have a CO line.
- You will not lose any call with the internal VoiceMail and Mobility Extension features.
- Unlike cellular phones, this system does not expose you to the RF electromagnetic field while making calls.

RF Radiation Safety Precautions

Safety, warnings

- It is prohibited to use any transmitters, including UMTS/GSM devices, in areas where explosives are used, such as quarries.
- A GSM/UMTS device may affect sensitive life-saving devices in medical centres.
- In general, any prohibition regarding mobile phones based on RF energy radiation applies to GSM/UMTS devices.
- Where necessary, a 2N[®] OfficeRoute system may be installed at a safe distance (in the neighbouring building, e.g.) and an Ethernet cable may be carried from the system gateway to the original building.
- Although 2N[®] OfficeRoute is not intended for aeroplanes, all relevant prohibitions and regulations regarding mobile phones apply to them here

1.2 Changes

The manufacturer reserves the right to modify the product in order to improve its qualities.

🔒 Caution

- The manufacturer constantly improves the software contained in the product (the so-called firmware). The technology used therein helps you download the latest firmware version to 2N[®]
 OfficeRoute/2N[®] VoiceBlue Enterprise anytime using a standard PC. For the latest firmware version see <u>www.2n.cz</u>. We recommend you to apply the latest version to avoid problems that have already been eliminated.
 - Also find the latest version of the User Manual at <u>www.2n.cz</u>.
 - Check your delivery for completeness according to the packing list and study this manual carefully before installing this product. The manufacturer shall not be responsible for damage caused by any use of this product that is in contradiction with the User Manual. The warranty terms and conditions do not apply to damage incurred as a result of gross handling and/or undue storing of the product or violation of the technical parameters included herein.
 - This manual is very much detailed and includes subsections that are irrelevant for the basic installation purposes as well as subsections referring to other 2N[®] OfficeRoute/2N[®]
 VoiceBlue Enterprise models. Therefore, pay attention to hints informing you which subsections are necessary for you and which are not.
 - For more information on the 2N[®] OfficeRoute/2N[®] VoiceBlue Enterprise settings and features see <u>faq.2n.cz</u>

1.3 Terms and Symbols Used

Manual Symbols

 Safety Always abide by this information to prevent persons from injury.
 Warning Always abide by this information to prevent damage to the device.
 Caution Important information for system functionality.
 Tip Useful information for quick and efficient functionality.
 Note Additional information.

2. Description and Installation

This section shows how to install the **2N[®] OfficeRoute/2N[®] VoiceBlue** Enterprise gateway including all accessories.

Here is what you can find in this section:

- 2.1 Product Description
- 2.2 Before Installation
- 2.3 Mounting
- 2.4 PC Connection and LAN Connection
- 2.5 Antenna Connection
- 2.6 SIM Card Insertion
- 2.7 Status Indicators
- 2.8 Console Access

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2.1 Product Description

Before you start installing your $2N^{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mathbb{R}}}}$ OfficeRoute/ $2N^{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mathbb{R}}}}$ VoiceBlue Enterprise, please get familiar with its physical structure, arrangement of connectors and status indicators.

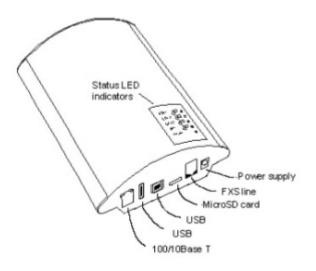


Figure 2.1: Bottom View

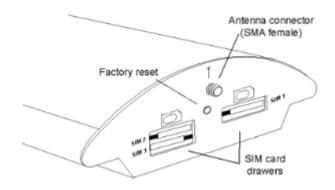


Figure 2.2: Top View

2.2 Before Installation

Packing List

Please check whether the contents of the package of your new **2N[®] OfficeRoute/2N[®] VoiceBlue Enterprise** complies with the following list.

- 1 2N[®] OfficeRoute check the part number, see the type label on the gateway back side
- 1 12V/2.5 A mains adapter
- 1 USB cable
- 1 ETHERNET cable
- 1 Antenna
- 1 Wall mounting holder
- 2 Dowels
- 2 Screws
- Quick user guide
- Compliance certificate
- 2N[®] product CD
- Warranty certificate

Brief Installation Guide

- Proper mounting 2N[®] OfficeRoute/2N[®] VoiceBlue Enterprise is designed for suspension on a vertical surface. Fit the holder included in the delivery on a wall and hang the gateway on it. For details on the prescribed working position and other recommendations refer to Section 2.4.
- Cable connection connect the gateway using a patch-cable to the LAN (Local Area Network).
- Antenna connection connect an internal antenna or an external antenna cable to the SMA antenna connector. Install the external antenna on a place with a good UMTS/GSM signal.
- Gateway power supply the delivery includes a mains adapter. Plug in the adapter connector into the gateway and the power adapter into a mains socket (≈230V/50Hz). The gateway turns on immediately.
- **SIM card insertion** insert the SIM cards in the holders on the gateway top.
- PC connection and initial configuration a web browser is used for gateway configuration in normal operation. If you have not defined the IP address for the gateway, use the USB cable included in the delivery for initial configuration of the basic parameters or reach 2N[®] OfficeRoute/2N[®] VoiceBlue Enterprise on its default IP address 192.168.1.1.
- Setting and monitoring having set the basic network parameters (IP address, etc.), you can configure 2N[®] OfficeRoute/2N[®] VoiceBlue Enterprise using a standard web browser (http or https). Configuration options and essential procedures shall be discussed in detail in the respective sections.

2.3 Mounting

Proper Mounting

The device is designed for mounting on a vertical surface. For this purpose, a wall- mounting holder is available. Just fit the holder to the wall using dowels and screws and hang the device.

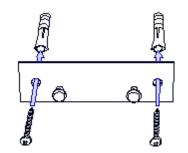


Figure 2.3: Gateway Holder – Wall Mounting

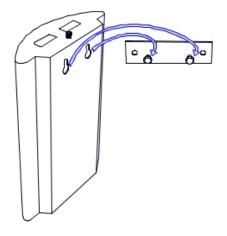


Figure 2.4: Gateway Holder – Hanging

- It is possible to operate this device in another working position (e.g. on a desk) but it may deteriorate the GSM signal if the antenna is situated horizontally.
- Do not exceed the allowed working temperature and relative humidity ranges.
- Exceeding the recommended operating temperature values need not affect the gateway function immediately but may result in a more rapid ageing and lower reliability.
- The device is intended for indoor use only. It may not be exposed to rain, flowing water, condensed moisture, fog, or mist.
- The device may not be exposed to aggressive gas, acid vapours, solvents, etc. or aggressive liquids, during cover cleaning, for example.
- The device is not designed for high-vibration environments, e.g. means of transport, machine rooms, etc.
- Free space has to be left under and over the device for cables and agitated air to remove operational heat.
- Install the device on a place with a good UMTS/GSM signal.

- A misplacement of the GSM/UMTS device or its antenna near television, broadcasting or similar RF-sensitive devices may exercise an adverse effect upon their function.
- Being a source of RF energy emission, the device antenna should not be located close to human bodies. The hazard is higher than with mobile phones because the device is usually used by many people and thus employed more often.

Gateway Power Supply

Be sure to use only the mains adapter that is included in your **2N[®] OfficeRoute/2N[®] VoiceBlue Enterprise** delivery.

🔒 Caution

- Before plugging in the device, make sure that the mains voltage value meets the data given on the mains adapter label.
 - Furthermore, make sure that the antenna has been connected. If you connect the device to the power supply without an antenna, the UMTS/GSM module transmitter might get damaged.
- Warning, This equipment may not operate when mains power fails.

Now plug the mains adapter into a mains socket and connect the adapter connector to the device. The status indicators indicate the proper operation.

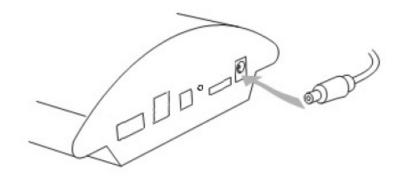


Figure 2.5: Supply Adapter Connection

2.4 PC Connection and LAN Connection

PC Connection

You need a direct interconnection of your **2N® OfficeRoute/2N® VoiceBlue Enterprise** gateway and PC especially when you do not know the gateway IP address and thus cannot configure it using a web browser. In such a case, connect the gateway directly to your PC USB port with the cable enclosed and select the basic network parameters using your console interface. After the gateway is connected using the USB cable, the PC detects new hardware. You have to choose the driver for **2N® OfficeRoute**, available on the CD in the package.

You can control the console interface with any terminal-emulating program according to the VT-100 specification at least such as HyperTerminal or PuTTY.

🖯 Note

The HyperTerminal is not installed by default in the newest Microsoft Windows OS. For serial connection to the gateway use an alternative program such as PuTTY.

By default, the gateway serial port communication parameters are set at **921,600 bits per second**, **8 data bits**, **no parity**, **1 stop bit**, **no flow control**. Set the communication program on the PC side identically. If you are using PuTTY for serial communication, you can use settings as shown in Fig. 2.6. It is necessary to choose the **Serial** connection type and the COM number on which the gateway is connected for the serial line type. The rate is 921600. Click on the Open button.

🔀 PuTTY Configuration		×	
Category:			
Session	Basic options for your PuTTY session		
Logging	Specify the destination you want to conne	ect to	
⊟- Terminal Keyboard	Serial line	Speed	
Bell	COM8	921600	
Features Window	Connection type:	H 💿 Serial	
Appearance Behaviour Translation Selection	Load, save or delete a stored session Sav <u>e</u> d Sessions COM8_921600		
	Default Settings	Load Sa <u>v</u> e Delete	
Serial	Close <u>wi</u> ndow on exit: ⊘ Always ⊘ Never	lean exit	
About	Open	Cancel	

Figure 2.6: PuTTY – Serial Console Access Configuration

LAN Connection

2N[®] OfficeRoute/2N[®] VoiceBlue Enterprise is connected to the 10/100BASE-T (Twisted Pair Ethernet) LAN using a standard straight (non-crossed) cable terminated with RJ-45 connectors like other types of equipment (PC, etc.).

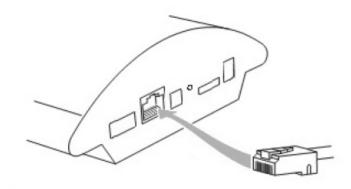


Figure 2.7: PuTTY – LAN Connection

2.5 Antenna Connection

No matter whether equipped with one UMTS and one, two or three GSM modules, **2N**[®] **OfficeRoute/2N**[®] **VoiceBlue Enterprise** has just one SMA antenna connector, to which an external antenna cable is connected. This external antenna should be installed vertically on a place with a good UMTS/GSM signal.

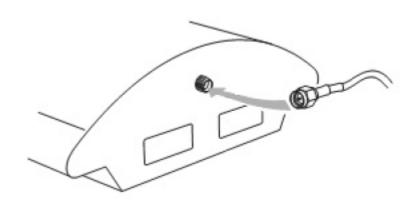
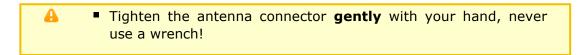


Figure 2.8: Antenna Connector Connection



2.6 SIM Card Insertion

Insert your SIM card in the device and fix it with a small lock (move the lock over the inserted SIM card).

Caution
 You cannot replace SIM cards with your device on.



Figure 2.9: SIM Card Inserting Procedure

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2.7 Status Indicators

There is a panel with five LEDs on the gateway upper cover. The **Power** indicator signals that the gateway as a whole is in operation. The other LEDs, marked **CH 1** thro ugh **CH 4**, indicate the status of each module.

Power Indicator

Basic diagnostic tests are performed automatically whenever the gateway is connected to the supply voltage. Each test step is signalled by a specific colour combination of the LEDs. The testing process is usually shorter than 0.5 sec and so it looks like a quick sequence of LED flashes at first sight. If, however, a test step fails, the indicator combination related to the failed test remains on. This provides a convenient troubleshooting tool to the technical support personnel.

After all hardware tests have been completed successfully, the operating system kernel is loaded. During the process, all module indicators are off and the blue continuous **Power** light flashes in approximately 1–second intervals.

When the operating system kernel has been loaded, the blue **Power** indicator keeps shining continuously.

In exceptional cases, when a fatal software error occurs and the gateway stops working, the **Power** indicator starts flashing quickly. All you can do is disconnect the gateway from the power supply for a few seconds and then restart it.

Power Indicator (blue)				
No light	The system is not working.			
Flashing	The system kernel is being loaded.			
Continuous light	The system is working.			
Quick flashing	Fatal error.			

GSM Indicators

The **CH 1** – **CH 4** indicators indicate the signal status of the respective GSM module. After connection to the power supply, the VoIP gateway application starts running within two minutes. During that time, the installed GSM modules and SIM cards are detected. If not detected, the respective indicator remains off.

If detected, the module and SIM card initialisation process is commenced. If the process is unsuccessful, the LED goes red. If the indicator turns orange, it means that the module has not logged in to any GSM network.

If the LED is off, you can make calls and send SMS via the respective module.

The respective module LED flashes green quickly during call set–up or data connection in the case of UMTS module. When the connection has been established successfully, the indicator remains green during the whole call.



GSM Indicators				
No light	The module is ready.			
Red light	SIM card initialisation in progress or no SIM card is in the drawer.			
Yellow/Orange light The SIM is not logged-in to any GSM network.				
Quick green blinking	A call is being set up (dialled). Data connection active.			
Green light	A call is being made.			

2.8 Console Access

You need a direct interconnection of your **2N® OfficeRoute/2N® VoiceBlue Enterprise** gateway and PC especially when you do not know the gateway IP address and thus cannot configure it using a web browser. Also you can configure the DHCP server in the gateway or the VRRP function.

The console system is arranged as a set of nested menus. Entering a menu item number you either get into a submenu, or have the required operation executed, or set the selected parameter.

Serial Console Access

When the gateway is powered on, the main menu should get displayed after terminal connection (see <u>chapter 2.4</u>). To display the main console menu push Enter.

UMTS OfficeRoute V2.3.00 Option	beta2 Ma Value	bescription	voiceblue
1 - Configuration 2 - Set Admin password 3 - Help		- General configuration - Set administration password - Display help for serial console	settings
Enter an option number,	<esc> previo:</esc>	9 menu	

Figure 2.10: Serial Console Access – Main Menu

Every menu consists of the following parts:

- Header Contains (from the left): product name, firmware version, menu name and network name assigned to the equipment.
- **Options** Numbers and names of available options.
- Value If [menu] is displayed, the item includes a submenu. Otherwise it shows the current value of the option.
- **Description** Explains briefly the meaning of every option in the menu.
- Enter an option number...> Here enter the option number.

To select an option from a menu, enter its first number and push **Enter** for confirmation.

Submenus

If you select a submenu, this submenu gets displayed. Now you can select items from the selected submenu or push **Esc** for return.

Commands and Values

If you are requested to enter some information after selecting an item, you should enter one of the following values:

Key word – List of one or more fixed strings. To select one, enter only so many initial characters as can distinguish it unambiguously from other key words.

Enter one of [ansi,color,teletype] : a

In the above mentioned case, select the key word by entering just an 'a', 'c', or 't' and

push Enter.

 String – Arbitrary number of characters. The acceptable value interval may be included in the prompt.

Enter a hostname from 1 to 32 characters: OfficeRoute

 Integer – Decadic integral number. The acceptable value interval may be included in the prompt.

Enter a size between 1 and 100 : 99

Hexadecimal integral number – number to be entered in the hexadecimal format using characters 0.9 and a.f or A.F.

Enter a hex number between 1h and ffh : 1a

 MAC address – Up to 12 hexadecimal digits of the physical address. Zeros at the beginning can be omitted.

Enter the remote network address : 50C229C4E2

• **IP address** – Internet address in the format of four digits of 0÷255 separated with dots.

Enter an IP address - 192.168.22.30

As soon as the requested information is entered, the respective operation is executed and new values are displayed in the redrawn menu.

Some configuration parameters may have just one of two constant values. By selecting such an item you immediately select a value opposite to that preceding the selection. Typical examples are on and off parameters. If the value is on, then it becomes off whe n the item is selected and vice versa.

Some commands execute operations that have a serious impact on the behaviour of the entire system (such as restart). Therefore, the system usually 'makes sure' before execution that it is really your intention.

Are you sure [y/n] – If you give an answer other than 'y' or 'Y', the command will not be executed.

To cancel the command execution and quit the prompt, push the Esc key any time.

About Menus...

We shall discuss the serial console menus in detail in the sections devoted to the gateway parameter settings. Below is a brief survey of these menus only.

Main menu

Appears after the USB cable is connected to the terminal (sometimes you must push E nter).

Configuration menu

Contains six submenus – network configuration, serial console settings, command line configuration, calls and device states, reboot and settings of VRRP and DHCP.

Network configuration

Used for setting the gateway IP address, network mask, initial router, DNS addresses, network name and domain.

UMTS OfficeRoute V	2.3.12	Network Config	furati	on	Nenu voiceblue
1 - Address		192.168.22.63			Internet address
2 - Network Mask		255.255.255.0]		Internet subnet mask
3 - Gateway		192.168.22.1			Internet default gateway
4 - Routing		menu]		IP routing table configuration
5 - Dnsi		192.168.1.102]		DNS server 1
6 - Dns2		192.168.1.5]		DNS server 2
7 - Host name		"voiceblue"]		Host name
8 - Domain		87.07]		Domain name
9 - Dhep		off	1		Use DHCP on startup
01 - PPPoE		menu]		PPPoE settings
02 - HW Addr	[0	0:50:C2:81:F6:42]		Ethernet HV Address
Enter an option nu	mber,	<esc> previos mer</esc>	nu		
×					
-					

Figure 2.11: Serial Console – Network Configuration

- Address IP address of the gateway. If the dynamic address obtaining function using the DHCP is enabled, the value cannot be changed manually.
- Network mask Network mask. If the dynamic address obtaining function using the DHCP is enabled, the value cannot be changed manually.
- Gateway Default router IP address. It is used for routing the data traffic beyond the network limits. If the dynamic address obtaining function using the DHCP is enabled, the value cannot be changed manually.
- **DNS1** IP address of the first DNS.
- **DNS2** IP address of the second DNS.
- **Host name** Network name of the GSM gateway.
- **Domain** Domain name.
- Location Any text describing the gateway location. This value is published through the SNMP (in special firmware versions).
- Contact Text containing the gateway administration contact information. This value is published through the SNMP (in special firmware versions).
- DHCP Mark of the dynamic address assignment function. If selected, the gateway gets its network settings from the DHCP server. If not, the values must be entered manually.
- Class The equipment class name that is sent in the network setting sending request. This string can help the DHCP server distinguish different types of equipment and assign configuration parameters to them accordingly.
- **PPPoE** User name and password for PPPoE–based connection.
- **HW Addr** Stable hardware address of equipment, i.e. the MAC address.

The DHCP or Address/Network mask parameters at least must be set correctly for the gateway communication to be established within the TCP/IP network. The address of one DNS at least should be set too.

- Serial console configuration Set the terminal type and change the initial serial link parameters transmission rate, data and stop bits, parity and flow control type.
- Command line Set/change basic telephony settings LCR, routes, SIP, devices, calls, DISA.
- **States** States of devices (signal strength, registration status, etc.) and calls.
- **Reboot** This option restarts the device.
- **Settings** DHCP and VRRP server settings.

Telnet Console Access

This is a short description of new features added to the serial console configuration. For the standard serial console configuration capabilities refer to the section 2.11.

There is also a possibility of using Telnet for $2N^{\textcircled{B}}$ OfficeRoute configuration in addition to the standard serial console configuration.

Connect to your **2N[®] OfficeRoute** via the Telnet type **telnet <your OfficeRoute IP address>** in the command line.

If successful, **2N**[®] **OfficeRoute** will require authentication from you. To log in, use the valid login and password of one of the **2N**[®] **OfficeRoute** users in the Administrators group. No user other than a member of the Administrator group may log in. If the login and password are entered correctly, you will be logged in.

Now you will see a window similar to the standard serial console configuration window and you can work with it in the same way. To log out, get to the main menu and choose the **Logout** option (this option is not visible in the serial console window). There are all menus available as for the USB access.

🖯 Note

The Telnet function may not be enabled by default in some newer Microsoft Windows OS. For a Telnet console access enable the Telnet client.

3. Configuration

This section describes the web browser configuration. Here is what you can find in the section:

- 3.1 Web Browser Configuration
- 3.2 Web Access
- 3.3 Survey of Group Tags and Menus
- 3.4 Network Settings
- 3.5 User Management
- 3.6 Telephony Services
- 3.7 Administration

3.1 Web Browser Configuration

Web Browser Access

While the serial console interface enables you to change the basic gateway parameters only, the web browser gives you access to all parameter settings and services available in the **2N[®] OfficeRoute** gateway. To establish connection with the gateway, enter the gateway IP address into the Internet address setting line in the browser, e.g. Mozilla Firefox or Internet Explorer.

If you have connected all parts properly and set the correct gateway and PC IP addresses, the configuration wizard should get displayed.

Configuration Wizard

If you are connecting to the **2N**[®] **OfficeRoute** gateway the first time or after a factory reset, the configuration wizard should appear. The configuration wizard will lead you through the **2N**[®] **OfficeRoute** setting. After entering the required information you will be able to use a high speed data Internet connection, make outgoing and incoming calls to GSM and UMTS networks and benefit from the PBX features.

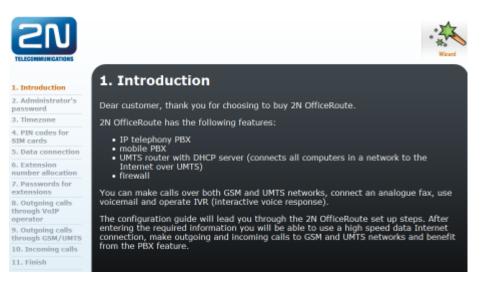


Figure 3.1: Configuration Wizard – Introduction

1. Administrator Password

Enter a new administrator password for login to the web interface. It is important to change the password to ensure your data security. The administrator username is Admin. Store your password (default = 2n) by clicking on the icon in the navigation bar.



2N	* H
1. Introduction	2. Administrator's password
2. Administrator's password	Enter a new administrator password for logging on to the web interface. It is
3. Timezone	important to change the password to ensure the security and protection of your data. The administrator username is Admin.
4. PIN codes for SIM cards	New password:
5. Data connection	Confirm new password:
6. Extension number allocation	
7. Passwords for extensions	
8. Outgoing calls through VoIP operator	
9. Outgoing calls through GSM/UMTS	
10. Incoming calls	
11. Finish	

Figure 3.2: Configuration Wizard – Administrator Password

2. Time Zone

Select the applicable time zone. A correct time zone setting is important for a proper working of the time-related features and call records. It also ensures a due switching of the daylight-saving time.

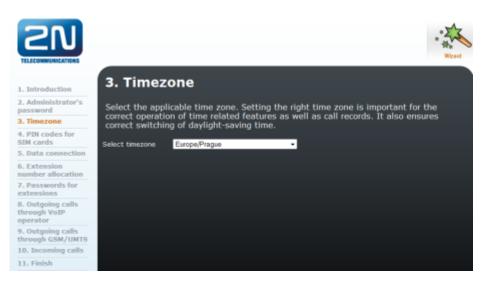


Figure 3.3: Configuration Wizard - Time zone

3. PIN Codes for SIM Cards

The following table lists the inserted SIM cards. If a SIM card requires a PIN code, it cannot be read until the PIN code has been entered. You will find the PIN code in the SIM card package that you received from your GSM provider. If no PIN code prompt appears for a SIM card, it is unnecessary to enter the PIN. After setting the PIN codes the gateway will restart. Please wait for the restart to complete and once again retrieve the set-up wizard page.

SN					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
1. Introduction	4. PI	N codes for S	IM cards		,
2. Administrator's password 3. Timezone	must be	e SIM cards you want i in position SIM1. If in y to restart the equipn	the future you ins	ert a different SIM	card, it is always
4. PIN codes for SIM cards	position				
5. Data connection		wing table lists the ins			
6. Extension number allocation	package	e read until the PIN co that the SIM card was for a SIM card, it is no	supplied with from	n the operator. If n	o PIN code prompt
7. Passwords for extensions	the gate	way will restart. Please the setup guide page.			
8. Outgoing calls through VoIP	Module	SIM card number	Pin	Operator ID	Operator name
operator	Module		PIN		
9. Outgoing calls	1	9420303102105		23003	Vodafone CZ
through GSM/UMTS	2	SIM card not found			
10. Incoming calls 11. Finish	з	SIM card not found			

Figure 3.4: Configuration Wizard – PIN Codes

4. Data Connection

In this step you can set the data connection through the UMTS SIM card. Enter the APN, username and password for data connection if prompted by the network (you will find this information in the SIM card package, or call the provider's information line). If you cross the 'Automatic connection activation' checkbox, the Internet connection will always be active, even after a restart or temporary loss of power.

🔒 Caution

The SIM card intended for UMTS data connection must be in the SIM1 position. If, in the future, you insert a different SIM card, it is always necessary to restart the equipment. Insert the cards for GSM voice calls in the remaining positions.

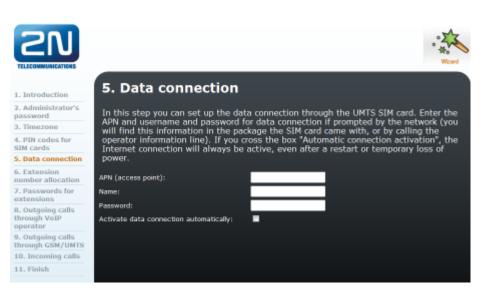


Figure 3.5: Configuration Wizard – Data Connection



5. Extension Number Allocation

IP extensions can now be configured. Enter the number of the IP extensions that you want to establish automatically. The extensions will be assigned numbers 100, 101, 102... If you have the **2N[®] OfficeRoute** version with an analogue line, it will have an analogue phone with number 199. After closing the wizard, you can still change the settings any time by going into 'User management'.

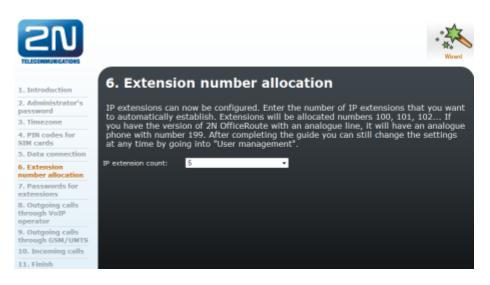
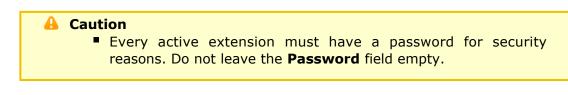


Figure 3.6: Configuration Wizard – Extension Number Allocation

6. Passwords for Extensions

When creating IP extensions remember to define a password to be used for IP phone configuring. The password will be displayed on the screen, so please take care to ensure the password security. After closing the wizard, you can change the password any time by entering **User management**.



1	_		_		٩
		T.	8		
r			B.	1	
	_	Т.		_	J

				WEast
1. Introduction	7. Passwords fo	r extensions		
2. Administrator's password	When creating IP extensions			
3. Timezone	when configuring the IP pho please take care to ensure p			
4. PIN codes for SIM cards	the password at any time by			e you can change
5. Data connection	Extension	P	assword	
6. Extension number allocation	100			
7. Passwords for extensions	101			
8. Outgoing calls through VoIP operator	102 103			
9. Outgoing calls through GSM/UMTS	104			
10. Incoming calls				
11. Finish				

Figure 3.7: Configuration Wizard – Passwords for Extensions

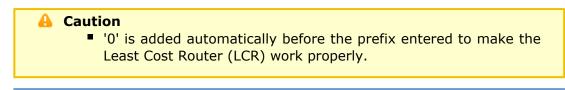
7. Outgoing Calls through VoIP Provider

To use **2N[®] OfficeRoute** – for outgoing calls through a VoIP provider (it is necessary to have an allocated user account), enter the requested information as follows: **SIP server address** – domain or IP address of the provider's SIP server;

SIP name – allocated phone number or account name;

User name – name for authentication (it can be the same as the SIP name); **Password** – assigned password.

It is also necessary to specify the prefix for the call to be routed through the VoIP provider.



🖯 Note

Even if you fail to fill in the SIP line parameters, the line will be added to configuration for later use.

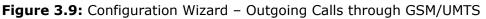
20				* # Weard	•
TELECOMMONICATIONS			• • • • • • •		
1. Introduction	8. Outgoin	g calls thro	ugh VoIP ope	rator	
2. Administrator's password	If you want to use	2N OfficeRoute for	outgoing calls through th	e VoIP operator (it is	
3. Timezone			ccount), enter in the requirer ID address of the energy		
4. PIN codes for SIM cards	follows: SIP server address – domain or IP address of the operator's SIP server; SIP name – allocated phone number or account name; User name – name for authentication (it can be the same as the SIP name); Password – assigned password.				
5. Data connection	It is also necessar	y to specify the pref	fix on the basis of which		
6. Extension number allocation	through the VoIP of	operator.			
7. Passwords for extensions	Prefix 1		Add next		
8. Outgoing calls					
through VoIP operator	SIP server address:				
9. Outgoing calls	SIP name:				
through GSM/UMTS 10. Incoming calls	Display name:				
11. Finish	User name:				
	Password:				
	Description:				

Figure 3.8: Configuration Wizard – SIP Provider

8. Outgoing Calls through GSM/UMTS

When making outgoing calls outside the office always start by dialling zero. If you have set the VoIP provider in the previous step, calls to numbers with no prefix will be routed through VoIP; all the other calls will be routed through the first vacant UMTS/GSM module.





9. Incoming Calls

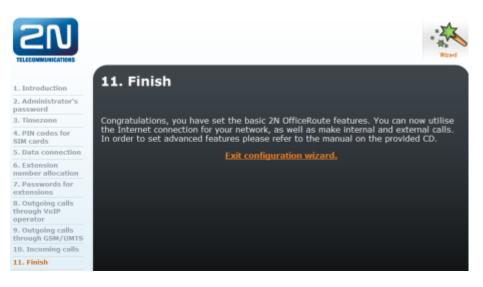
Select where incoming calls should be routed. If you select To DISA line, a welcome note will be played and the caller can choose an extension number. If you select To extension, incoming calls will be directed to the extension you have selected.

2N			• #** Wood
1. Introduction	10. Incom	ing calls	
2. Administrator's password		ming calls should be routed to. 1	
3. Timezone	welcome message you select "To the	will be played and the caller ca extension" incoming calls will	n choose an extension number. If be directed to the extension you
4. PIN codes for SIM cards	have selected.	excension , meaning cars init	be directed to the excension you
5. Data connection	Route incoming calls:	to extension 💌	
6. Extension number allocation	Extension:	100 •	
7. Passwords for extensions		101 102	
8. Outgoing calls through VoIP operator		103 104 FXIS - 199	
9. Outgoing calls through GSM/UMTS			
10. Incoming calls			
11. Finish			

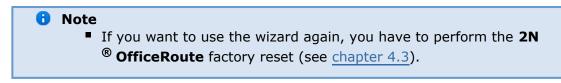
Figure 3.10: Configuration Wizard – Incoming Calls

10. Finish

2N[®] OfficeRoute is now ready for use.







3.2 Web Access

Now that the initial wizard configuration is completed, you can configure all the gateway parameters using a web browser. To establish connection with the gateway, enter the gateway IP address into the Internet address setting line in the browser. If you have connected all parts properly and set the correct gateway and PC IP addresses, the request to enter the access user name and password should get displayed.



Obrázek 3.12: Web Administration Login Page

By default:

- The Username is Admin
- Password is 2n.

A	Caution
	The manufacturer supplies the gateways with a predefined
	default IP address 192.168.1.1 and user account Admin ,
	default password is 2n . Mind the Upper/Lower Case while
	entering the user name and password!
	The first thing you should do for safety reasons after putting
	your gateway in operation is to change the administrator
	password

After a successful login you get onto the main page of the web application. The window is divided into four parts.

2N Off	iceRoute	Admin SK CZ EN
	Network	ber management Telephory services
Main configuration	Licence	
Filtering	Name	Test Team
Port mapping	Company	2N Telekomunikace a.s.
DHCP server	E-mail	ø
DNS proxy	Proxy server users	UNLIMITED
VRRP	Voicemail users	2
Dynamic DNS	SNMP	Enabled
SNMP	SMS users	UNLIMITED
Data connection	Data connection	Enabled
Connection	SIP	Enabled
speedometer	н.323	Disabled
	Softswitch	Enabled
	Softswitch calls	UNLIMITED
	Expires (hours)	NEVER
	System informa	tion
	Manufacturer	2N TELEKOMUNIKACE a.s.
	Version	2.3.12
	Serial number	08-1357-0008
	DSP firmware	G729
	System uptime	21:01
	Process uptime	20:31

Obrázek 3.13: Web Interface Desktop

Header bar – Network, User management, Telephony services, Administration, States&Logs and Messaging. Use the tags above the header bar to select the user language and display the currently logged-in user.

Group menu – There is a group menu for each selection from the header bar on the left side. The tag settings are arranged in two menu levels. By selecting a Level 1 item you display the respective Level 2 subitems. If the Level 1 item contains no more subitems or if you select a subitem, the appropriate application form gets displayed on the remaining window space.

3.3 Survey of Group Tags and Menus

Network

IP address settings, DHCP server settings, VRRP, SNMP, Firewall settings, NATP settings, DNS proxy settings and HSPA/EDGE/GPRS (**2N**[®] **OfficeRoute**) or GPRS (**2N**[®] **VoiceBlue Enterprise**) data settings.

User management

User groups and user (extension) management.

Telephony services

Device (SIP, H.323, DISA lines) management, Fax, GSM incoming routing settings (provider/DISA), LCR settings, SIP proxy settings.

Administration

Main configuration, Time and Time zone settings, Firmware upgrade, Licence upload, Configuration back-up/restore, SNMP settings, Reboot.

States&Logs

States of devices and calls, Logs for debugging/troubleshooting, CDR, Connection speedometer.

Messaging

SMS delivery settings (web and SMTP/POP3), SMS sending web portal, SMS storage statistic.

This is just a basic survey of menus. For details on forms, their meanings and options see later.

Parameters or new values can be added by clicking on the plus icon equal by
equa

the pencil icon 🔟 , reset by the ဲ icon, removed by the icon with a red dart 🚾 and

saved by clicking on the diskette icon 🛅 .

3.4 Network Settings

Main Configuration

Includes **2N[®] OfficeRoute/2N[®] VoiceBlue Enterprise's** own IP address, mask, default gateway and DNS. There is also a possibility to switch on the DHCP client (when **2N[®] OfficeRoute/2N[®] VoiceBlue Enterprise** does not serve as a DHCP server and there is another DHCP server in the network). It is also possible to select the main settings via a serial console or a Telnet console.

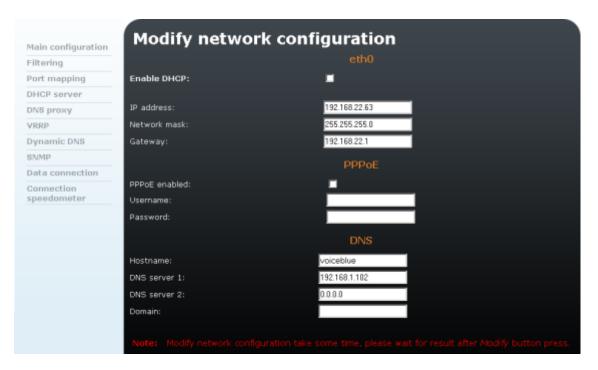


Figure 3.14: Main Configuration

The form includes the following items:

- Enable DHCP Select whether the network parameters should be obtained from the DHCP server, or whether they should be set manually.
- IP address Set the IP address of the device. If Dynamic address allocation via DHCP is enabled, the value cannot be changed manually.
- Network mask Set the network mask. If Dynamic address allocation via DHCP is enabled, the value cannot be changed manually.
- Gateway Set the IP address of the default router. Used for data traffic routing beyond the network limits. If dynamic address allocation via DHCP is enabled, the value cannot be changed manually.
- PPPoE enabled Enable/disable connection via the PPPoE protocol. The User name and Password help identify the user.
- **DNS1** Set the IP address of the first DNS.
- **DNS2** Set the IP address of the second DNS.

Click on **Modify** to confirm the changes. Setting new values takes some time; please wait for the browser response.

Filtering

Embedded firewall settings. To add a new rule, click on the fice. It is possible to set a rule for call accepting/barring according to the type of traffic, source or destination IP address or port. While creating more rules than one remember that these rules are searched from top to bottom.

Main configuration	Add netw	ork filter	
Filtering	Enabled: 🗹		
Port mapping	Destand		
DHCP server	Protocol:	tcp 💌	
DNS proxy	Action:	ACCEPT	
VRRP	Source IP address:	134.32.43.0/24	<pre>[!] address[/mask]</pre>
Dynamic DNS	Destination port:		[!] port[:port]
SNMP	Description:		
Data connection			
Connection			

Figure 3.15: Filtering

The form in Fig. 3.15 contains the following fields:

- **Protocol** Protocol to be filtered.
- Action You can accept or drop packets that are filtered.
- Source IP address IP address to be filtered.
- **Destination port** Destination port to be filtered.
- **Description** Provides information on the rule.

Port Mapping

NATP setting for access devices in an internal LAN via the UMTS network (a public IP must be assigned to **2N[®] OfficeRoute/2N[®] VoiceBlue Enterprise** by the provider). It is a transparent process where the network clients cannot see that port forwarding is being done. This process enables you to run a public Internet service on a machine that is otherwise hidden from the Internet by your gateway.

Example:

Main configuration	Add p	ort mapping	J
Filtering	Enabled:	V	
Port mapping	Bestevel		
DHCP server	Protocol:	top 💌	
DNS proxy	Interface:	ppp0	
/RRP	Port:	80	port[:port]
ynamic DNS	New IP:	10.0.0.100:8088	address[:port[-port]
INMP	Description:	Forwarding 80 to 8088	
)ata connection			
Connection speedometer			

Figure 3.16: Port Mapping

The configuration shown in Fig. 3.16 enables you to create a permanent translation entry that maps a TCP port 80 on your gateway to an IP address 10.0.0.100 and port 8088 on your private LAN.

DHCP Server

DHCP server settings in case $2N^{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mathbb{R}}}}$ OfficeRoute/ $2N^{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mathbb{R}}}}$ VoiceBlue Enterprise serves as a LAN DHCP server.

Main configuration	Modify configuration	n
Filtering	DHCP server enabled:	2
Port mapping	Lease time:	3600
DHCP server	Start address:	192.168.1.100
DNS proxy	End address:	192.168.1.200
VRRP	Subnet option:	255.255.255.0
Dynamic DNS	Router option:	192.168.1.1
SNMP	Primary DNS option:	192.168.1.1
Data connection	Secondary DNS option:	
Connection speedometer	Domain option:	2n.cz

Figure 3.17: DHCP Server Setting Form

- Lease time Validity of a leased IP address in seconds.
- **Start address** Start of an IP address pool.
- End address End of an IP address pool.
- **Subnet option** Subnet mask for an internal network.
- Router option Default gateway of subnet (typically the 2N[®] OfficeRoute/2N
 [®] VoiceBlue Enterprise IP address, for VRRP it is the IP address of the virtual router.
- **Primary / Secondary DNS** Used only in the case of local DNSs in the LAN.



DNS Proxy

Used for caching DNS records in case **2N[®] OfficeRoute/2N[®] VoiceBlue Enterprise** works as a UMTS/GPRS router. The DSN proxy can receive DNS queries from the local network and forward them to an Internet Domain Name Server. If the DNS Proxy is disabled, the gateway forwards all requests to the servers assigned by the UMTS (**2N[®] OfficeRoute**) or GPRS (**2N[®] VoiceBlue Enterprise**) provider.

The gateway can use the DNSs from the **Network settings** or you can forward the DNS queries to specified servers.

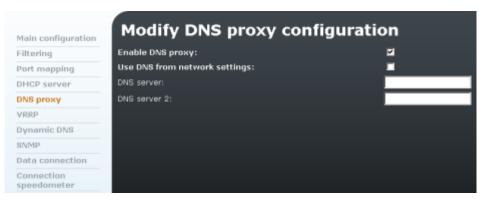


Figure 3.18: DNS Proxy Configuration

VRRP

The Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol is an Internet protocol, which provides a possibility to have one or more backup routers when using a statically configured router on a local area network (LAN). The most common arrangement is to specify one router to serve as the router for forwarding packets from a group of hosts on a LAN. If the router fails, however, there is no way to use another router as a backup.

Using VRRP, a virtual IP address can be specified manually or with the Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) by default. A virtual IP address is shared by the routers, with one designated as the master and the others as backups. In case the master fails, the virtual IP address is mapped to the backup router IP address (this backup thus becomes the master router). If the backup router becomes master, the default gateway to the PSTN is set automatically. If this new master becomes a backup router again, the default gateway to LAN (Ethernet interface) is recovered.

Main configuration	Modify configuration	n
Filtering	VRRP service enabled:	
Port mapping		
DHCP server	VRID:	1
DNS proxy	Priority:	100
VRRP	Advertisement interval:	1
Dynamic DNS	Virtual router address:	192.168.1.254
SNMP		
Data connection		
Connection speedometer		

Figure 3.19: VRRP Configuration

- VRID Provides virtual router identification. Must be unique for each virtual router.
- **Priority** The higher the number, the lower the priority.
- Advertisement interval Set the time interval (in seconds) between advertisements. The default value is 1 second. This field is used for troubleshooting of misconfigured routers.
- Virtual router address Set the IP address of a virtual router.

Dynamic DNS

The DDNS provides a gateway that has a variable, often changing <u>IP address</u> with a well-known <u>hostname</u> resolvable by network applications through standard DNS queries.

An example of use is a home user who wishes to access the computer on his or her home network while travelling. The user may be supplied with a different IP address whenever the Internet connection to the service provider is made, so there is no stable address to connect to. If the Dynamic DNS service is used to assign a fixed address to the device, then the user can, for example, establish a Virtual Private Network (VPN) to the network using that address. As a detailed example, the IP address can be 123.234.111.112 one day, 123.124.45.15 the next, but the Dynamic DNS address will always be, e.g. - office-route.dyndns.org.

Main configuration	Modify dynamic DN	S configuration
Filtering	Enable dynamic DNS:	–
Port mapping	Hostname:	
DHCP server	System:	dyndns@dyndns.org 💌
DNS proxy	Username:	
VRRP	Password:	
Dynamic DNS	Update period (seconds):	600
SNMP	HTTP proxy:	
Data connection		
Connection speedometer		

Figure 3.20: Dynamic DNS Configuration

• **Hostname** – Your hostname registered with a DDNS provider.



- System Choose your DDNS provider from the list of supported DDNS providers.
- **Username** Enter your username in accordance with your DDNS account.
- Password Enter your password in accordance with your DDNS account.
- **Update period** Period of IP address updating at the DDNS server.
- HTTP proxy Enter the IP address of your HTTP proxy. If you have no HTTP proxy, leave the field blank.

SNMP

The Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) daemon is a background server process that can be run on any Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) workstation host. It helps you monitor the state of the device on the network. **2N® OfficeRoute** is capable of receiving and responding to requests sent by SNMP versions v1 and v2c. SNMP traps-messages on events to be notified-are sent by SNMP v2c by default.

1ain configuration	SNMP daemon	configuratio
iltering		
ort mapping	IP address for SNMP traps:	192.168.1.2
HCP server	Community:	public
NS proxy		
RRP	Traps enabled:	_
ynamic DNS	Calls:	
IMP	LCR:	
Switch SNMP daemon on	GSM:	
ata connection		
onnection peedometer		

Figure 3.21: SNMP Configuration

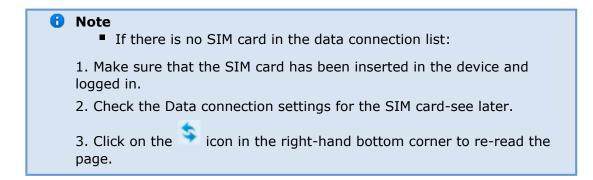
- IP address for SNMP traps The IP address to which traps are sent. Port 162 is used for communication by default. If necessary, set another port behind the IP address colon (192.168.1.2:163, e.g.).
- Community The group to which the devices and management stations running via SNMP belong. Helps you can define where information shall be sent. The default SNMP communities are:

Write – private Read – public

• **Traps enabled** – Enable traps for Calls, LCR and GSM.

Data Connection

In this menu you can see the list of inserted SIM cards and start/stop data connection by clicking on **Connect/Disconnect**.



Main configuration	Data connec	tion				
Filtering	Connection provider name	GSM module	Dial number (optional)	APN (access point)		
Port mapping						
DHCP server	02_internet			internet	<u> </u>	
DNS proxy						
VRRP						
Dynamic DNS						
SNMP						
Data connection						
Connection						

Figure 3.22: Data Connection – SIM Cards

Modification of SIM Card Parameters

To modify the data connection settings click on the pencil icon.

Modify SIM care "894202032050	
SIM card parameters	
Present:	
SIM card number:	8942020320508805457
Operator ID:	23002
Operator name:	EUROTEL - CZ
USSD code for credit:	
Last USSD message:	
Last USSD message timestamp:	
Roaming disabled:	M
Description:	
SMS settings	
Service Center Number:	+420602909909
Data connection	
Connection provider name:	02_internet
Dial number (optional):	
APN (access point):	internet
Initial AT commands (optional):	
PPP username (optional):	
PPP password (optional):	
Don't replace default route:	
Don't use peer DNS:	
<u>Clear data config</u>	

Figure 3.23: Data Connection – Modify SIM Card Form

Ontemport 1

 You are strongly recommended to power off the unit before inserting/removing the SIM card

Modification of SIM card parameters:

- Present Checkbox indicates whether the SIM is present in the tray at the moment.
- **SIM card number** Information on the SIM serial number (IMSI).
- **Provider ID** Provider's network code.
- **Provider name** Provider's name.
- USSD code for credit Fill in the USSD code for credit check for your prepaid SIM cards. If you fill in the proper USSD code and the SIM card is prepaid, you can obtain credit information by clicking on Get credit in the SIM cards list.
- Last USSD message Shows the last obtained USSD message.



- Last USSD message time stamp Shows the last USSD message timestamp.
- Roaming disabled Disable/enable roaming for the given SIM card. Roaming is disabled for new SIM cards by default and has to be enabled if necessary.
- Description User description of the SIM card.
- Service Centre Number Enter the service centre number. It is necessary for SMS sending.
- **Connection provider name** Enter any name. This field is compulsory.
- Dial number (optional) Number to be dialled for data connection
- APN (access point) This field is compulsory. Complete it in accordance with your provider's APN name.
- Initial AT commands (optional) Optional field. You can define here a special AT command for Internet connection.
- PPP username (optional) Optional field. Enter your PPP user name if it is recommended.
- PPP password (optional) Optional field. Enter your PPP password if it is recommended.
- Don't replace default route Tick off this item to leave the default gateway set to LAN (Eth interface) after data connection is established. Make changes with the data connection off.
- Don't use peer DNS Define whether the DNS IP addresses should be overwritten in compliance with the data connection provider after data connection is established.

In order to use the SIM for data/Internet connection (for GPRS/EDGE/UMTS/HSPA) you have to set the **Connection provider name and APN** parameters. The other parameters depend on the network provider's data. To obtain the data, refer to your network provider's websites or call the provider's helpline.

Connection Speedometer

This section shows the data receiving (download) and sending (upload) rate, the currently used data transmission technology and the signal intensity value for each module.



Figure 3.24: Connection Speedometer



Two speedometers are displayed: the one on the right shows the download rate and the one on the left the upload rate. The counter below the indicators displays the count of received or sent data since the last connection.

3.5 User Management

Users

In this menu you can see a list of all users and the Add/Remove user item. A user is either an extension or a user allowed to send SMS. A user may log in to the gateway and make some changes (send SMS) according to the rights assigned. If a line number is assigned to a user, the user is an extension at the same time.

Users	User	s					
Groups	Name			Line number			
Ring groups	100	Administrators	English	100		Ŷ	
	101	SMS	English			Ŷ	
	102	SMS	English			Ý	
	Admin	Administrators	English		Administrator	Ŵ	

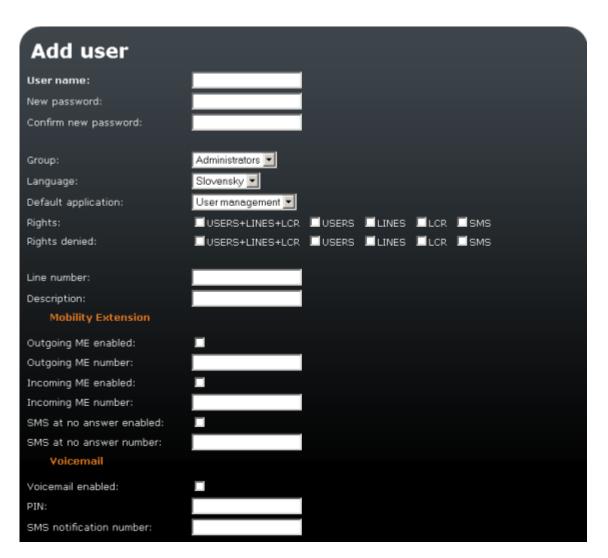
Obrázek 3.25: List of Available Users

Admin – is the default user and cannot be removed. It is primarily used for device management.

Emergency change of Admin password – if you are connecting **2N**[®] **OfficeRoute/2N**[®] **VoiceBlue Enterprise** via a USB cable or a serial console, change the Admin password (it is not necessary to know the old one).

Add User

To add a new user/extension click on the Add user 🐨 icon in the right-hand bottom corner.



Obrázek 3.26: Add User Form

- User name Enter the user name for login to 2N[®] OfficeRoute web interface and SIP authentication.
- **New password** Set the password for login and SIP authentication.
- Group Select the user group. Different user groups can have different settings. Thus, you can simply select a group of pre-defined user rights to create a new user account. Moreover, you can adapt security rules to a particular user.
- Language Select the default language for the user.
- Default application Webpage/form after login to 2N[®] OfficeRoute web interface.
- Rights/Rights denied Select rights or leave empty the rights are assigned by group selection except for the SMS rights.
- Line number In case the user is both extension and user, the Line number is UID (number of extension/SIP name).
- Description User description.

MOBILITY EXTENSION

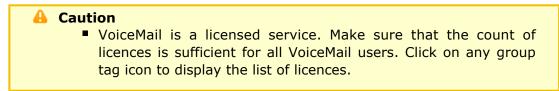
- Outgoing ME enabled Enable/disable the outgoing Mobility Extension (ME) function for the selected user.
- **Outgoing ME number** Enter the ME number.



- Incoming ME enable Enable/disable the incoming Mobility Extension (ME) function for the selected user.
- **Incoming ME number** Enter the ME number.
- SMS at no answer enabled Enable/disable sending of info SMS to the ME station at no answer. Fill in the test in the Telephony services group tag in the Mobility Extension menu.
- SMS at no answer number Enter the number to which the SMS At no answer should be sent.

VOICEMAIL

- **VoiceMail enabled** Enable/disable VoiceMail for the selected user.
- **PIN** Set the VoiceMail access PIN for the selected user.
- SMS notification number Enter the number of the user to be informed of a new VoiceMail message.



Groups

Groups are created to eliminate the need to specify access rights for each user individually. Upon login, the resultant set of assigned and barred rights consists of the selected rights group settings and, if necessary, corrections made during the user account creation.

Users	Groups			
Groups	Name	Description		
Ring groups	Administrators	Group for administrators	Ŷ	
	<u>SM5</u>	only for sms	Ŷ	

Obrázek 3.27: List of Available Groups

Administrators – is a group with all rights enabled. **SMS** – is a group with the SMS rights enabled only.

Add Group

To add a new group click on the Add group 🍱 icon in the right-hand bottom corner.



Add group								
Group name:	Common							
Rights:	USERS+LINES+LCR	USERS		LCR				
Rights denied:	USERS+LINES+LCR	USERS	LINES	LCR				
Description:								

Obrázek 3.28: Group Adding Form

The form in Fig. 3.28 contains the following fields:

- Group name Unique identifier.
- **Rights** Parts of the system to be made available.
- **Rights denied** Parts of the system to be barred.
- **Description** Any text that describes the meaning of a group.

The web interface is divided into parts to/from which access rights can be assigned/removed. The checkboxes in the above-mentioned forms, one pair per group, are used for right group and user account setting. They are as follows:

- **USERS+LINES+LCR** Whole system.
- **USERS** Definition of the user accounts and groups.
- **LINES** Communication line settings.
- LCR Least Cost Router configuration.

Ring Groups

To add a ring group click on the Add group $\stackrel{\bullet}{\clubsuit}$ icon in the right-hand bottom corner. Use digital characters for the group name only as the group name is identical with the group telephone number.

Users	Add ring group					
Groups	Ring group:	200				
Ring groups	Extensions:	Group member	Mobility Extension			
	10		V			
	10	L 🗹				
	10	2 🗖				
	10	3 🔲				
	10-	-				

Obrázek 3.29: Ring Group Adding Form

Tick off the checkboxes to assign the extensions and their Mobility Extension numbers to the members of a new ring group.

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3.6 Telephony Services

Before the description of all items of the Telephony services menu, a short introduction about the VoIP Network Arrangement and Routing behaviours is given there.

VoIP Network Arrangement

VoIP telephony communication has two components – signalling and voice. Signalling is primarily used for establishing and terminating calls, telephone login to a PBX, negotiating parameters and control of the speech/voice channel. The voice channel is only used for transmission of encoded digitised voice information.

Typically, VoIP telephones are operated together with a PBX, which coordinates their traffic. For a schematic arrangement see fig.39. The VoIP telephony PBX is a software application that looks like a traditional PBX. Its functions include mainly numbering plan consistence maintenance, routing, user or telephone rights, call billing, call forwarding, DISA, etc. But it can integrate more functions, e.g. voicemail. SIP telephone PBXs are usually called SIP proxies while PBXs for H.323 are called gatekeepers.

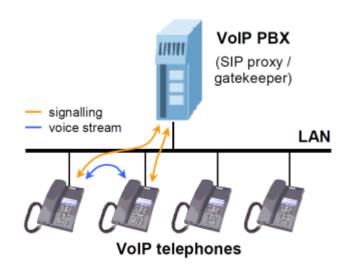


Figure 3.30: VoIP PBX Arrangement

To work properly, a VoIP PBX must process all signalling traffic. Unlike this, voice channel data are transmitted directly between the terminal points. This is, among others, a difference from the model described below. It is because a PBX is not necessarily required in the IP telephony. Signalling protocols are designed in such a manner that it is possible to call from one terminal to another directly, without any mediator. To do this, you have to know the full ID of the terminal to be called, i.e. also the IP address and destination port, of course. This is the main disadvantage compared with the preceding model for multiple-telephone locations.

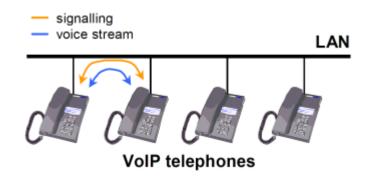


Figure 3.31: "Point-to-Point" Arrangement

If you use a PBX, the terminal points must know the PBX address only. The PBX is able to route requests according to information acquired in the process of telephone login to the PBX. With the "Point-to-Point" arrangement, all telephones must be equipped with information on surrounding telephones. This model is mostly applied in direct calling via the Internet where you do not want or cannot use services of any telecom provider. The **2N**[®] **OfficeRoute/2N**[®] **VoiceBlue Enterprise** gateway is capable of working in both the types of environment, with a PBX and without a PBX.

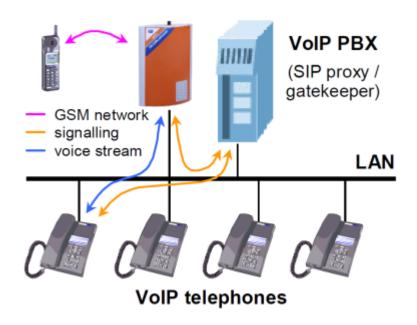


Figure 3.32: VoIP-to-GSM Gateway with PBX

It can even replace the PBX completely for SIP telephones because it is equipped with an integrated SIP proxy. This simplifies the VoIP network structure as shown in Fig. 3.33.

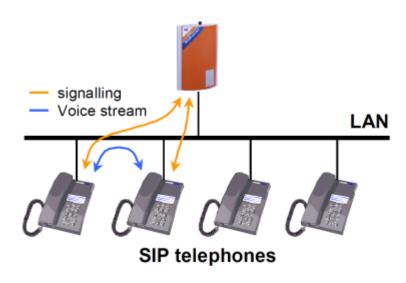


Figure 3.33: 2N[®] OfficeRoute as SIP Proxy

Although call interconnection between VoIP and GSM networks is the primary function of **2N[®] OfficeRoute/2N[®] VoiceBlue Enterprise**, the gateway can also be used for bridging VoIP networks with different signalling standards – SIP and H.323. For such arrangement see Fig. 3.34.

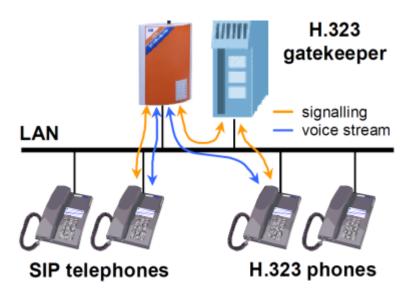


Figure 3.34: 2N[®] OfficeRoute as SIP Proxy - H.323 Gateway

The situation shown in fig. 43 differs from simple SIP-based call connection in that the gateway transmits both signalling and voice channels here, like in interconnecting calls from VoIP to GSM. This results in a certain limitation of the maximum number of calls due to a limited hardware pass-through capacity of the gateway.

Routing

Routing means a process of retrieving a route from the calling party to the called one. There are various routing methods according to the type of call and place from which the call is coming.

Within VoIP Network

Speaking of routing within a single VoIP network, we think of the activity executed by the PBX whenever a registered user initiates a new call. The result of this process is a route to another registered user based on the called number analysis. The called number can be an IP telephone, GSM gateway, PSTN gateway, another VoIP PBX, etc.

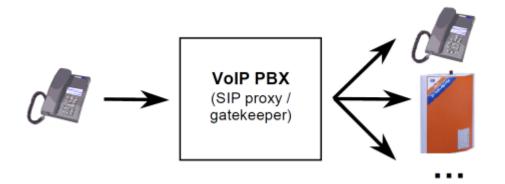


Figure 3.35: Call Routing by VoIP PBX

The routing options are dependent on the capabilities of the particular PBX. For SIP-based telephones, a SIP proxy server built in **2N[®] OfficeRoute/2N[®] VoiceBlue Enterprise** can be used as a PBX.

From VoIP to GSM

On coming to an **2N[®] OfficeRoute/2N[®] VoiceBlue Enterprise** VoIP line, a call proceeds to the Least Cost Router (LCR). The LCR decides which line the call shall use for going out. The decision depends on the called number and LCR settings.



Figure 3.36: Routing of Incoming Calls from VoIP

Although the Least Cost Router is, as its name suggests, designed primarily for searching the most cost-efficient route to a GSM network, it is not limited just to this function. Generally, it can interconnect incoming calls from VoIP lines to any lines that are available in the gateway regardless of their types. This is very useful for interconnecting heterogeneous VoIP networks, such as SIP and H.323 environments.

Incoming Calls from GSM

A special routing mechanism is applied to calls coming to the **2N[®] OfficeRoute/2N[®] VoiceBlue Enterprise** gateway from GSM networks.

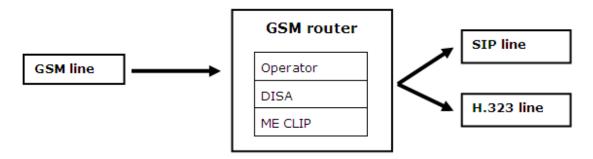


Figure 3.37: Routing of Incoming Calls from GSM

As selected, the GSM router:

- 1. forwards the call to a fixed operator;
- plays ME message and allow to dial local or remote number according to the ME CLIP; or
- 3. forwards the call to the DISA automat where the calling party chooses the route using a voice menu and tone dialling.

Since incoming calls from GSM networks can only be routed to VoIP lines in the gateway it is impossible to connect a call back to the GSM network in this type of routing. This, however, does not mean that this operation cannot be executed on another routing level, e.g. in a PBX.

If the VoIP telephones used are equipped with the Calling Line Identification Presentation (CLIP) function, either the internal number of the gateway output line used for the incoming GSM call, or the CLIP obtained from the GSM network can be displayed. This VoIP line parameter is set at the first option by default. To make the gateway convey a public number to the VoIP telephone it is necessary to ensure that all routing elements be able to process the CLIP correctly in the opposite direction.

Devices

Call interconnecting and routing in **2N**[®] **OfficeRoute/2N**[®] **VoiceBlue Enterprise** tak es place between lines. This means that where no line is available the gateway cannot set up a call. Nevertheless, the notion 'line' is less materialistic in VoIP gateways than in classical telephone systems.

To make some equipment work as a gateway, another line at least has to be created to the VoIP environment. This line is either used for the gateway - VoIP PBX connection or a direct gateway - VoIP telephone connection. From the viewpoint of the network environment of the gateway, a VoIP line represents a virtual VoIP telephone set.

It is possible to define more VoIP lines than one in the gateway. Then the gateway appears like a system of multiple virtual VoIP telephones. All line types are equal for the routing and connecting purposes.



SIP Lines

One or more lines can be defined in $2N^{\textcircled{8}}$ OfficeRoute/ $2N^{\textcircled{8}}$ VoiceBlue Enterprise for communication with some other SIP using VoIP equipment. Each line has a unique number and receiving UDP port. You can register the line at the SIP proxy or communicate directly with another VoIP terminal. The registration can be either anonymous or related to the gateway authentication.

By default an internal SIP line is prepared. This line is necessary for you to make calls out of the SIP proxy.

Devices	SIP	lines					
• SIP lines • H.323 lines	Line ID		Phone number	Listen port			
= SIM cards = DISA lines	[16]	192.168.22.64	vbegw	5061	Internal SIP line		F
* Fax lines * Fxs line	[26]	192.168.22.43:5082	My_SIP_Name	5082	Line to 2N NetStar PBX		Ŀ
GSM							
Services							
Mobility Extension							
Fax							
LCR							
GSM routing							
SIP proxy							

Figure 3.38: List of SIP Lines

Modify SIP Line

To make calls out of the SIP proxy you have to modify the internal SIP line ID [16]. To make a trunk to a VoIP provider create a new SIP line.

Modify SIP line I	D " 16 "	
SIP server address:	192.168.22.64	
SIP domain:		
SIP name:		
Display name:		
Listen port:	5061	Listen port has to be different from other lines and SIP proxy
User name:	Admin	
Password:	••	
	G.711 A Law 64000 bps	Shift up
Codecs:	G.729 8000 bps	Shift down
	~ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Add Phone context to REGISTER requset:		
Register expires (seconds):	60	
Register with proxy:		
Enable CLIP:	~	
Maximum concurrent calls:	0	
Get callee from:	Request URI v	
Use Diversion header:		
DTMF method:	RFC2833 ¥	
Don't send P-Asserted-Identity:		
Don't send P-Preferred-Identity:		
Enable NAT:		
NAT port begin:	0	
NAT port range:	0	
NAT IP address:		
No route code:	0	
SIP TOS/DiffServ Value:	0x68	
RTP TOS/DiffServ Value:	0xb8	
Description:	Internal SIP line	

Figure 3.39: Modify Internal SIP Line

- SIP server address Change the default IP to the 2N[®] OfficeRoute/2N[®] VoiceBlue Enterprise IP address for internal SIP line. While creating a new line, enter the IP address of your VoIP provider. If a port other than 5060 is to be used (for provider or proxy), it should be specified behind a colon (192.168.22.63:5071).
- **SIP domain** It is not necessary for the internal SIP line.
- **SIP name** The internal SIP line SIP name is '1111'. For a new line enter the SIP name according to your VoIP provider.
- **Display name** The line name to be displayed. An optional parameter.
- Listen port Each line has to use a different listening port.
- **User name** User name is unnecessary for the internal SIP line and may be



deleted. For a new line enter the user name according to your VoIP provider.

- Password Password is unnecessary for the internal SIP line and may be deleted. For a new line enter the password according to your VoIP provider.
- Codecs This parameter is necessary to highlight the codecs to be used (press and hold CTRL to select multiple codecs). You can shift the codecs to define their priority.
- Add Phone context to REGISTER request This can be useful in some special cases. Mostly it is unnecessary to fill in this item.
- Register expires Enter the value according to your VoIP provider. Unnecessary for the internal SIP line.
- Register with proxy Unselect this checkbox for the internal SIP line. For a new line check it according to your VoIP provider.
- **Enable CLIP** Select this checkbox for the internal SIP line.
- Maximum concurrent calls Limit the count of concurrent calls via the selected SIP line..
- Get callee from This can be useful in some special cases. Mostly it is unnecessary to change these settings.
- Use Diversion header Tick off to include the Diversion parameter in the SIP INVITE message, carrying information on the originally called line of call forwarding occurred during the call.
- DTMF method Choose method for transmiting DTMF characters for the SIP line.
- Don't send P-Asserted-Identity Tick off to deactivate the P-Asserted-Identity header in the INVITE message. This header is used for CLI information transmission even if CLIR (Calling Line Identification Restriction) is enabled.
- Don't send P-Preferred-Identity Tick off to deactivate the P-Preferred-Identity header in the INVITE message. This header is used for transmission identification of user which has call forwarding enabled.
- Enable NAT Check off this item in case the VoIP module is behind the NAT or firewall.
- **NAT port begin** Set which port will be used first for the RTP protocol.
- **NAT port range** Set how many ports will be used for RTP packets.
- **NAT IP address** The public IP behind the PBX VoIP module.
- No route code Enter the SIP cause code for terminating call if the route is not defined.
- SIP TOS/DiffServ Value Set one of the SIP packet parameters, which sets priority in packet processing by network elements.
- RTP TOS/DiffServ Value Set one of the RTP packet parameters, which sets priority in packet processing by network elements.

H.323 Lines

Another signalling standard supported by the IP telephony is a group of protocols called H.323. It could be set only one H.323 line, but it can transfer more calls at the same time. This line can log in to the Gatekeeper or communicate directly with VoIP telephones or other gateways.

Modify H.323 lin	ne ID "24"	
Call method:	Gateway 💌	
Gatekeeper discovery method:	Discover Gatekeeper automatically (use multicast) 💌	
Gatekeeper address:		
Gateway address:		
Gateway prefix(es):		
	·	
Endpoint type:	Gateway 💌	
Display name:		
Numbers:		
Listen port:	1720	
	_	
Disable Fast start:		
Disable H.245 tunneling:		
DTMF type:	Signal 💌	
	G.711 A Law 64000 bps	
Codecs:	G.729 8000 bps Shift up	
couses.	Shift down	
	¥.	
0-i		
Rejected call code:	Local endpoint application cleared call	Ì
No route code:	Local endpoint application cleared call	_
RTP TOS/DiffServ Value:	0xb8	
	an real a	
Description:		

Figure 3.40: H.323 Line Details

The form contains the following fields:

- Call method Define how to initiate a new call. There are three options
- 1. Direct calling including identification of the fully qualified network name of the called line;
- 2. Gatekeeper the selected Gatekeeper shall find the route and set up a call;
- 3. Gateway calling via a selected gateway.
- Gatekeeper discovery method defines how to find the available Gatekeeper address. The address can be entered statically or determined by network retrieval.
- Gatekeeper address if not determined by network retrieval, the Gatekeeper address must be entered in this field.
- Gateway address the address of the gateway to be used for calling if the Gateway calling method is selected.
- Gateway prefix(es the prefixes used by the gateway for registration.
- Endpoint type the gateway can register itself to the Gatekeeper either as a gateway for a prefix (destinations starting with the prefix are routed through the

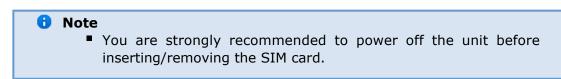


gateway) or as a terminal (virtual telephone).

- **Display name** the text to be displayed to the called line.
- **Numbers** numbers of the line working in the terminal mode.
- Listen port the TCP port on which the line receives H.323 connections.
- Disable Fast start the Fast start method provides a faster start of the voice stream while a new H.323 connection is being set up.
- Disable H.245 tunnelling disallows the use of H.245 tunnelling.
- Disable Early media start disallows the use of the Early media start method. This method establishes the voice channel before the call has been set up completely. It is useful for transmission of the so-called 'progress tones' from the GSM network.
- DTMF type choose the set of supported DTMF tones; either numbers only (the Signal option) or all alphanumeric characters (the Alphanum option).
- Codecs a list of codecs to be provided by the gateway for voice channel negotiations.
- Rejected call code the code that the gateway returns back to the Gatekeeper/gateway in the case of rejected call.
- No route code the code that the gateway returns back to the Gatekeeper/gateway in case no route (no GSM module/SIP line/H.323 line/SIP phone) is ready for a call. This is used mainly for overflow/emergency routing.
- RTP TOS/DiffServ Value Set one of the RTP packet parameters, which sets priority in packet processing by network elements.
- **Description** any text that describes the meaning of the form.

SIM Cards

If you operate the gateway with different provider's SIM cards, you will definitely want to use a GSM provider's SIM card for GSM call routing. When a new SIM card is inserted, the gateway creates automatically a 'SIM card – xxx' line where xxx is the SIM card ID (typically printed on the card next to contacts). The physical location of the SIM card does not matter in call connection.



Each SIM card inserted in the gateway has a set of parameters of its own. Their values are bound to the card ID and remain stored in the gateway even after the SIM card is removed. Thus, if the SIM card is reinserted, the parameters need not be reset. The list of cards with available configuration parameters is displayed in a table on the introductory page of the SIM card configuration.



Figure 3.41: List of Available SIM Cards

In this menu (Fig. 3.41) you can see the list of inserted SIM cards and also get the credit on each SIM card. For this function it is necessary to define the USSD code for getting information on the SIM card credit. The code syntax depends on the provider.

The columns in Fig. 3.41 include:

- **Present in module** Mark that the SIM card has been inserted in the gateway.
- SIM card number Unique card identifier. It is usually printed on the card next to contacts. By clicking on the number you display the card setting detail.
- **Provider ID** Mobile network provider's identifier.
- **Provider name** Mobile network provider's name.
- Last USSD message Shows the last obtained USSD message.
- **Description** Text entered by the administrator.

By clicking on the pencil symbol you get into the line setting detail and can change the settings. The cross is used for deleting a line.

Modification of SIM Card Parameters

Modify SIM car	
"894202032050	18805457
SIM card parameters	
Present:	2
SIM card number:	8942020320508805457
Operator ID:	23002
Operator name:	EUROTEL - CZ
USSD code for credit:	
Last USSD message:	
Last USSD message timestamp:	
Roaming disabled:	
Description:	
SMS settings	
Service Center Number:	+420602909909
Data connection	
Connection provider name:	O2_internet
Dial number (optional):	
APN (access point):	internet
Initial AT commands (optional):	
PPP username (optional):	
PPP password (optional):	
Don't replace default route:	
Don't use peer DNS:	
<u>Clear data config</u>	

Figure 3.42: Modify SIM Card Form

- **Present** Indicates whether the SIM is present in the tray at the moment.
- **SIM card number** Information on the SIM serial number (IMSI).
- **Provider ID** Provider's network code.
- Provider name Provider's name.
- USSD code for credit Here you can also enter the USSD code for credit check for prepaid SIM cards. If you fill in the proper USSD code and the SIM card is prepaid, you can obtain credit information by clicking on 'Get credit' in the SIM card list.
- Last USSD message Shows the last obtained USSD message.
- Last USSD message timestamp Shows the last USSD message timestamp.
- Roaming disabled Disable/enable roaming for the given SIM card. Roaming is

disabled for new SIM cards by default and has to be enabled if necessary.

- **Description** User description of the SIM card.
- Service Centre Number Enter the Service centre number. It is necessary for SMS sending.

In order to use the SIM for data/Internet connection (for GPRS/EDGE/UMTS/HSPA - **2N** [®] **OfficeRoute** or GPRS - **2N**[®] **VoiceBlue Enterprise**), you have to set the **Connection provider name and APN** parameters. The other parameters depend on the network provider – for information refer to your network provider's websites or call the provider's helpline.

- **Connection provider name** It can be any name. This field is compulsory.
- **Dial number (optional)** Number to be dialled for data connection.
- APN (access point) This field is compulsory. Complete it in accordance with your provider's APN name.
- Initial AT commands (optional) An optional field. You can define here a special AT command for Internet connection.
- PPP username (optional) An optional field. Enter your PPP user name if recommended.
- PPP password (optional) An optional field. Enter your PPP password if recommended.
- Don't replace default route Tick off to leave the default gateway set to LAN (Eth interface) after data connection is established. Change the setting with the data connection off.
- Don't use peer DNS Define whether the DNS IP addresses should be overwritten in compliance with the data connection provider after data connection is established.

DISA Line

The DISA line can be a standard welcome note or a customised welcome note, VoiceMail system and basic IVR. The DISA line is used for incoming calls, mostly from a GSM network. It might also serve for incoming calls from the VoIP provider.

The DISA line plays a message/dial tone and then waits for DTMF dialling. After receiving a hash (#), it dials the collected digits via a predefined SIP line.

The initial screen of the DISA line configuration shows a table of defined lines.

Click on the pencil icon \square to move to the line setting detail for changes. The \blacksquare symbol serves for line clearing.

Below the table there is an Add DISA service line **T** icon. Click on it to display the

line defining form. There are also Upload custom DISA messages \square , Upload

DISA/IVR package to internal Flash \fbox and Upload VoiceMail language pack \textdegree ic ons.

DISA Line Parameters

To add a new line, use the Add 📅 icon below the form. To modify an existing line,

click on the Modify \square icon. Upon the click, the entered data are confirmed and the execution of the relevant operation is requested.

Below the form there are Reset \square and Back \square icons. The first one restores the values of all fields as before the form opening and the other moves you to the previous screen.

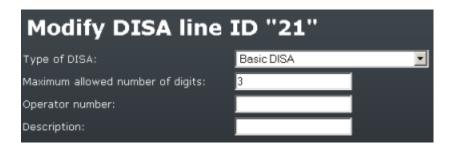


Figure 3.43: DISA Line

The form in Fig. 3.43 contains the following fields:

Type of DISA – there are five options

- **Basic DISA** Factory-set DISA message.
- **Basic DISA with uploaded message** Basic DISA message.
- **DISA/IVR on MMC card** DISA message saved in an external memory.
- DISA/IVR on internal flash DISA message saved on the internal flash memory.
- VoiceMail system VoiceMail voice menu.

DISA parameters – Parameters are displayed for the selected DISA line. The following options are available

- Maximum allowed number of digits Maximum number of digits in DISA.
- **Operator number** Enter the number to be called if no dialling is made.
- Maximum message length Define the maximum length of the message to be left to the user in case the call is forwarded to VoiceMail.
- **Description** Any text that describes the meaning of a line.

🖯 Note

For examples of DISA settings refer to <u>faq.2n.cz</u>

Fax Lines

To add a new fax line use the Add 📫 icon below the form. To modify an existing line

click on the Modify \square icon. Upon the click, the entered data are confirmed and the execution of the relevant operation is requested.

)evices	Add fa	x line
SIP lines	Fax device:	GSM module 2 💌
SIM cards	Fax number:	
DISA lines	Fax number.	
Fax lines	Description:	
Fxs line		

Figure 3.44: FAX Line

The form in Fig. 3.44 contains the following fields:

- Fax device Choose a GSM module with an inserted SIM with the FAX service and fill in the SIM fax number.
- **Fax number** Fax line number.
- **Description** Any text describing the meaning of an item.

 Note For examples of FAX settings refer to <u>faq.2n.cz</u> 	
 Note The Fax line is implemented only with 2N[®] OfficeRoute 	

FXS Line



This line is set by the wizard. To change some parameters, click on the Modify \sum icon.

Devices	Fxs line				
* SIP lines	Line ID	Exs number	Description		
 SIM cards 	[17]	19		\ \	
 DISA lines 	1.81.3				
 Fax lines 					
 Fas line 					

Figure 3.45: FXS Line

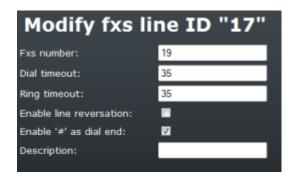


Figure 3.46: FXS Line - Modify

The form in Fig. 3.46 contains the following fields:

- **FXS number** FXS line number.
- **Dial timeout** First digit dialling timeout.
- **Ring time** FXS line ringing time for incoming calls.
- **Enable line reversal** Polarity reversal at the call beginning and end.
- **Enable '#' as dial end –** You can use a hash as the end of dialling character.
- Description Any text that describes the meaning of an item.

GSM

PINs

In this menu you can define the PIN code for each SIM card.

Devices	PINs
GSM	PIN for SIM card in module 1:
= PINs	PIN for SIM card in module 2:
 Audio parameters CLIPs 	PIN for SIM card in module 3:
 Network selection 	PIN for SIM card in module 4:
Services	
Mobility Extension	
Fax	
LCR	
GSM routing	
SIP proxy	

Figure 3.47: GSM - PINs

Audio Parameters

You can define the microphone gain and the speaker gain for each module. The range is from -24dB to +12dB for UMTS module and from -24dB to +42 dB (0dB) for GSM modules with a 1dB step.

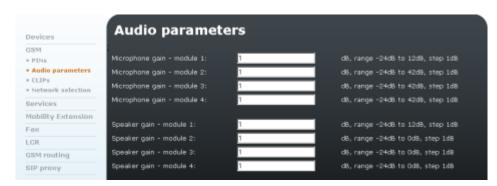


Figure 3.48: GSM – Audio Parameters

CLIPs

You can define the CLI function (CLIP - Calling Line Identification Presentation, or CLIR - Calling Line Identification Restriction) and also set the Auto CLIP routing in this menu.

Auto CLIP Routing

The AutoClip routing is used for automatic routing of incoming calls to internal extensions. Records are added to the gateway memory while outgoing calls are made and stored for a defined time. When an internal extension makes an outgoing call and the Auto CLIP routing is enabled, the new records on the calling and called numbers are saved into the internal memory. If the called number calls back in a defined time, the call is automatically routed to the internal extension that was the first to call this number.

Devices	CLIPs	
GSM	Original CLI support - module 1:	
* PINs	Original CLI support - module 2:	
 Audio parameters 	Original CLI support - module 3:	
 CLIPs Network selection 	Original CLI support - module 4:	
Services	Auto CLIP routing:	
Mobility Extension	- expiration time:	1 Hours 💌
Fax	- delete record for connected answer:	
LCR	- add only missed calls:	
GSM routing	- lookup both lists (call & sms):	
SIP proxy	- Horep both ists (can te sins).	-
	Disable GSM alerting detection:	

Figure 3.49: GSM - CLIPs

The form in Fig. 3.49 contains the following fields:

- Original CLI support Check off this option to enable the CLI support.
- Auto CLIP routing Check off this option to enable the Auto CLIP routing function.
- Expiration time Enter the number of hours for which the records shall be saved.
- Delete record for connected answer Check off this option to delete a record in the CLIP routing memory after a successful call.
- Add only missed calls Check off this option to add missed calls only to the



memory.

- Look up both lists (call & sms) Enable the Auto CallBack function after a call or after SMS sending.
- Disable GSM alerting detection if ticked off, the gateway does not detect alerting and sends the session progress tone immediately.

Network Selection

Use this menu to select one of five network selection rules for the UMTS module.

Automatic is selected by default. Use the \bigcirc icon in the right-hand bottom corner to change the settings. Click on \bigcirc to save the changes, on \bigcirc to reset the changes, or on \checkmark to return.

A Caution

- Make sure that your mobile provider supports login using your selected technology before selecting a network for the UMTS module manually.
- The device will be restarted upon configuration saving.



Figure 3.50: GSM – Network Selection

Services

Services that enable/disable ME by sending SMS. The SMS has to be sent from the ME user number filled in in the user settings.

To enable the ME function, just send the following SMS to gateway: *<Service code> To disable the ME function, send: #<Service code>

The gateway responds with a confirmation SMS.

Devices	Services	
GSM	Service name	Service code
Services	Outgoing ME enabled:	44
Mobility Extension		

Figure 3.51: Services

Mobility Extension

The Mobility Extension (ME) service is a**2N**[®] **OfficeRoute**/**2N**[®] **VoiceBlue Enterprise** feature that makes internal extensions available on mobile phones. Remember to define the Mobility Extension number in the user settings. For the global settings of this function see Fig. 3.52.

Devices	Mobility Extension	
GSM	Outgoing ME enabled:	⊠
Services	Incoming ME enabled:	
Mobility Extension	Allow sending SMS:	
Fax	SMS at no answer text (%n for number):	Missed call from %n
LCR	Send SMS for all missed calls:	
GSM routing	Mability Extension SIP route:	192.168.22.64:5061
SIP proxy	Mobility Extension DISA line:	DISA - factory default

Figure 3.52: Mobility Extension

The form in Fig. 3.51 contains the following fields:

- Outgoing ME enabled Check off this option to enable the Mobility Extension function for outgoing calls.
- Incoming ME enabled Check off this option to enable the Mobility Extension function for incoming calls (calls from the Mobility Extension numbers defined in the user settings).
- Allow sending SMS Tick off to enable SMS sending to the ME station at no answer.
- SMS at no answer text Type the text for SMS at no answer. The %n string inserts the CLIP into the SMS to be sent.
- Send SMS for all missed calls Tick off to enable sending of SMS at no answer in the case of each call from SIP extension to GSM/UMTS (not matter if the called number is ME or not).
- Mobility Extension SIP route Define which route shall be used for the outgoing ME calls.
- Mobility Extension DISA line DISA message for outgoing calls.

ONOTE

For examples of Mobility Extension settings refer to <u>faq.2n.cz</u>

Fax

Note
 The FAX configuration is implemented in 2N[®] OfficeRoute only.

2N® OfficeRoute/2N® VoiceBlue Enterprise also provides the FAX function, supporting T.38. To change some T.38 fax relay parameters, click on the Modify ico n.



Figure 3.53: T.38 FAX Relay Settings

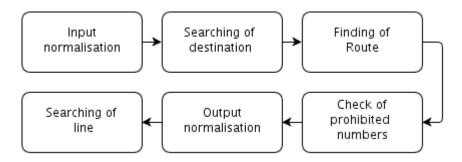
The form in Fig. 3.53 contains the following fields:

- Maximum fax rate FAX bit rate for T.38 [bit/s].
- **T.30 message redundancy** Signalling redundancy.
- Image data redundancy Image redundancy.

LCR

The Least Cost Router (LCR) is 'the brain' of **2N[®] OfficeRoute/2N[®] VoiceBlue Enterprise**. All call routing rules (inbound and outbound) can be set there. The purpose of the Least Cost Router is to find the optimum output line for the called

number. The LCR process has several stages



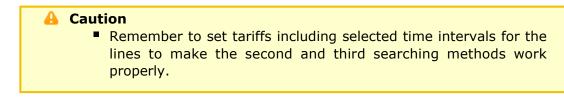
Input normalisation – The calling and called line numbers are transformed into a normalised format before entering the LCR.

Destination searching – Destination means the target party to the call. The destination includes a group and type of line searching in the group. The group is searched according to the prefix of the normalised called number.

Group searching – Group means a logical set of lines. The group definition includes a route time limit within a week.

Line searching – Route can consist of one or more lines. The final line is determined according to the selected line selection algorithm. Three ways of searching are available

- 1. First free line finds the first free line;
- 2. Cycle selects the free line with the earliest time of the last call; and
- 3. Free minutes uses the free line with the highest number of remaining free minutes. Correct tariff rates must be selected for the lines for the method to work effectively.



Output normalisation the calling and called line numbers are transformed into a normalised format before the call is forwarded to the output line.

Check for barred numbers – The Barred numbers table is searched for match after output normalising and before forwarding to the successfully found output line, and, if a match is found, the call is rejected.

By default, the LCR connects all VoIP calls to the VoIP module without modifying the called number.

1				
vices	_ 🕂 🗘 🖓	· + + +		
ility Extension				
	Destination	Prefix	Enabled Routes	Description
	To FXS line 17	L 199	FXS line 17	factory default
ne intervals rmalization	To SIP line 16	1	SIP line 16	factory default
riffication	To DISA line 21	4	DISA line 21	factory default
utes	To GSM	6; 7	GSM	factory default
Rtest	To Voicemail	📕 5; vm-	To Voicemail	Do VM

Figure 3.54: List of LCR Rules

Routing Rules

The routing rules are the core of the LCR system. They consist of a relatively high number of parameters, which make the routing process highly flexible. A guide is available to make your configuration steps as convenient as possible.

Click on LCR in the **Telephony services** menu to display the pre-defined rules created

by the configuration wizard. Click on the $\stackrel{\bullet}{=}$ icon to add a rule, on $\stackrel{\bullet}{\frown}$ or $\stackrel{\bullet}{\frown}$ icon to

move a selected rule up or down respectively, on \mathbb{N} to modify and on \mathbb{I} to delete

a rule. You can insert a new rule before an existing rule with 👫 or after an existing

rule with 💀 . You can set multiple conditions within one prefix using these two options if, for example, you require different routes for different time intervals for one prefix.

All the above-mentioned buttons except for **Add** are inactive in the initial status (greyish). They will not become active until one routing rule at least is selected by putting the checkmark in the second column of the respective line. By pushing the button activated in this way you get executed the operation above the routing rules selected.

<u>SN</u>

Add Rule

To open the routing rule adding form click on **Add** or **Insert after** or **Insert before**. A new window will be displayed.

The first step is to define the destination. Basically, the destination is a set of prefixes. Looking for the appropriate routing rule, the LCR searches the allowed routing rules from top to bottom for a match between the normalised called number prefix and the destination number prefix. The first matching prefix stops the searching process and the call is routed according to the respective destination rule.

Devices	Add LCR to	able item	
GSM	Enabled:	V	
Services			
Mobility Extension	Destination name:	To GSM	
Fax			
LCR	Prefix 1	7	
 Time intervals 	Prefix 2	6	Add next
 Normalization 			
 Tariffication 			
 Blacklist 	Description:		
Routes	besenprion		
LCR test			
GSM routing	Route name:	GSM 🗾	Add route
SIP proxy			
	Priority type 1	Free minutes 💌	
	Priority type 2	Cycle 💌	
	Description		

Figure 3.55: LCR - Add Rule

The form contains the following fields:

- Enabled A routing rule can be defined yet not necessarily used in the routing process. Enabled rules are used only.
- Destination name The destination must be named briefly and clearly, e.g. according to the mobile network provider or any other characteristic feature that distinguishes the destination from the others. The name may contain alphanumerical characters only.
- Prefix n Destination prefix where n is a serial number. The prefix is a beginning of the target telephone number. If you leave the first prefix blank and do not enter any other, then the particular destination includes all called numbers. To enter more prefixes, add new items by pressing the Add others key.
- **Description** Any text that describes the meaning of a destination.
- Route name Outgoing route for prefixes of the destination. You can also add a new route if necessary.
- Priority type n Priority for the lines defined in the chosen route. There are following options
- First free Call will use the first free line, according to the order of lines inside the route.

 Cycle – Call will use the next free line in the route starting from the last selected one.

Caution

- Use of the Cycle method needs setup of tariffs for lines contained in the related route (LCR – Tariffication). Those tariffs must have time intervals defined. The other parameters could be left by default.
- If tariffs are not setup, the method First free is applied instead of Cycle.
- Free minutes Call will use the free line with the highest number of free minutes. If more lines have the same, the order number in the route is respected.
- CLIP routing Call will be routed to the specific line in the route according to the CLIP (the calling party number), usually the number of the SIP extension. Mapping between CLIPs and destination lines has to be done in the CLIP routing table of the related route.

🔒 Caution

- CLIP Routing always must be set as Priority 1 to be applied.
- If there is no match in the CLIP routing table, a raw with empty CLIP field would be searched. If even it doesn't exist, call will be proceeded according to the Priority 2 in the LCR rule.
- **Unknown** Call will be rejected.
- **Description** Any text that describes the meaning of a rule.

Example of using priority according to the Fig. 3.55

In the LCR rule is specified priority 1 "Free minutes" and priority 2 "Cycle". In this case, a call will first look for a line with the highest number of free minutes. If there is no free line with free minutes, Cycle method will be implemented.

Time Intervals

There is a possibility to define the time interval (condition) for using a LCR route. The default time intervals are 'weekdays', 'weekend' and 'workdays'. It is also possible to define a certain time range.

Devices	Time	inte	rvals							
GSM	Day gro									
Services	Name	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed			Sat		
Mobility Extension	weekdays		AL	All	All	All	All day		1	
Fax			day	day	day	day	cratit			
LCR	weekend	All day						۵۱ day		
Time intervals Normalization Tariffication	workdays		07:00 17:00	07:00 17:00	07:00 17:00	07:00 17:00	07:00 17:00		X	
 Blacklist 						-	Add day g		Re Re	
• Routes • LCR test	Time ra	inges								
GSM routing	No time rar									
SIP proxy									🕂 Add ti	

Figure 3.56: Time Intervals



Normalising

When we introduced the LCR operations, we mentioned modifications of numbers before input into and after output from the routing process – so-called normalising. Normalising means conditioned transformations of the called and/or calling numbers into a unified format, which facilitates definition of the routing rules. The normalising regulation is determined by the following three parameters

- Normalising type Define at which process stage (input/output) and for which numbers (called/calling) normalising should be used.
- Condition Transformation is only applied to numbers that meet a condition. The condition is specified by a prefix – a string that the number starts with. The prefix is separated automatically and the remaining part of the number is transformed only.
- Transformation regulation Enable to modify a number by removing a certain number of characters from the number beginning, or adding a new prefix.

Devices GSM							
Services	4	þ ·	☆ 🤜			2	
Mobility Extension							
Fex		Line	Prefix	Remove count	Add number	Туре	Description
LCR					000	Caller incoming	factory default
Time intervals Normalization						Caller incoming	factory default
 Tariffication 	•				400	Called incoming	factory default
 Blacklist Routes 						Called outgoing	factory default
 LER test 					vm-	Called outgoing	

Figure 3.57: Normalisation

Use the Add 📫 icon to create a new LCR normalising rule. By clicking on it you get a rule defining form.

Add LCR	normalizati	ion
Line:	Any	-
Prefix:		
Remove count:	0	
Add number:		
Туре:	Called outgoing 🔹	
Description:		

Figure 3.58: Normalisation – Add Rule

The meanings of the fields in the form are identical with the following columns of the normalising table

• Line – Define to which line the rule should be applied.



- Prefix Prefix that a number must start with to meet the transformation regulation. This prefix is always removed automatically!
- Remove count Count of characters to be removed from the number beginning behind the prefix.
- Add number Prefix to be added before the rest of the number after removal of the prefix and a defined count of digits.
- Type Define at which stage the normalising rules shall be applied. There are four options Incoming calling on the calling number input, Incoming called on the called number input, Outgoing calling on the calling number output, Outgoing called on the called number output.
- **Description** Any text that describes the meaning of a normalising rule.

Tariff Metering

Call tariff metering (AOC) in the **2N[®] OfficeRoute**/**2N[®] VoiceBlue Enterprise** gatew ays is a sophisticated recording of the called time for each SIM card. Monitoring of free minutes is made with the aim to cut tariff costs and optimise the LCR process. The tariff-metering scheme divides a call into two time ranges. In each range tariff metering can be made according to different time units.

Add LCR tari	ff
Tariff name:	SIM 1
Line ID:	SIM card - 8942031810102295334 🗾
Time intervals:	weekdays 🛋 weekend workdays
Restore limit:	Monthly
Day of restore call limit:	1 💌 Monday 💌
Tariffication:	the first 1 units last 60 seconds following units last 1 seconds
Free minutes:	300
Free SMS:	50
Description:	

Figure 3.59: Add LCR Tariff Form

- **Tariff rate name** User defined tariff rate name.
- **Line ID** SIM or line to which a tariff rate is applied.
- **Time intervals** Time when a tariff rate is applied.
- **Restore limit** Time interval of restoring free minutes/SMS
- Day to restore call limit Specify a day in a month or a day in a week the limit (free minutes/SMS) will be restored.
- **Tariff metering** Settings for the counting of used seconds/minutes.
- Free minutes, Free SMS Count of minutes/SMS to be used during an



accounting period (month or day).

Example in Fig. 3.59:

The tariff rate is applied to SIM card 89......334, only during weekdays and workdays (as defined in the Time intervals parameter). The limit is restored on the 1st day of each month (at a time as set in the unit). Accounting is made as follows – The first 60 seconds of the call are charged immediately. When first 60 seconds elapse, each second is charged.The SIM card can be used for 300 outgoing minutes and 50 sent SMS messages per month. After the call limit is exceeded, no more outgoing calls may be made.

Blacklist

After output normalising and before switching the call to the found output line, the list of barred numbers (blacklist) is checked. If the number begins with a string included in the list the call is rejected. The list includes both whole telephone numbers and/or their initial parts (prefixes) only. Thus, e.g. all international calls or specially rated calls (erotic lines etc.) can be barred.

To adjust the barred numbers use the LCR menu in the group configuration tag. Select the blacklist item to display the list of barred numbers.

evices	Add black	iist i
SM	Regular expression:	
rvices	Description:	
bility Extension		
ах		
CR		
Time intervals		
ormalization		
ariffication		
lacklist		
loutes		
.CR test		
M routing		
IP proxy		

Figure 3.60: Blacklist

- **Regular expression** Initial part of the barred number (or a whole number).
- **Description** Any text that describes the meaning of an item.

Routes

This window includes the list of existing routes and the route adding and removing options. A route means an outgoing trunk (bundle of SIMs, modules, SIP lines or DISA lines).

Devices	Add rou	ite		
GSM	Route name:	GSM		
Services				
Mobility Extension		GSM module - 1	🔺 🔺 Shift up	Add SIP line
Fax	Lines of route:	GSM module - 2 GSM module - 3		Add H.323 line
LCR		GSM module - 4	🚽 💌 Shift down	Add SIM card
 Time intervals 				
 Normalization 		weekdays 📥		
 Tariffication Blacklist 	Time intervals:	weekend		Add day group
* Routes		workdays		Add time range
LCR test				
GSM routing	CLIP/CLIR:	Default 💌	CLIP routing	
SIP proxy				
	Description:			

Figure 3.61: LCR Routes - Add Route Form

There is a route named 'Mobile Networks' in the figure above, which contains all GSM modules. It is used at all defined time intervals without CLI restriction (CLIR may be used for mobile networks only).

The form contains the following fields

- Route name The route name may contain any alphanumerical characters. Refer to the LCR rules in the preceding section.
- Lines of route List of available lines that form a group. To select/remove a line click on the respective item with the left-hand mouse button. You can select more list items at the same time by pushing the CTRL key along with the mouse click. The selected items are illuminated blue.
- **Time intervals** Define the routing rule time validity.
- **CLIP/CLIR** Enable/disable the caller's identification.
- CLIP routing Define the CLIP routing table of the route. It contains mappings between CLIP (the calling party number), usually the number of the SIP extension, and single line in the route. If the related route and CLIP routing (as a type of routing) are chosen in a LCR rule, calls will use specific lines according to the CLIP. If you want to put more CLIPs in the same raw, use ";" as a separator. Put a raw with empty CLIP field at the end of the table to route calls when no CLIP match was found (unknown CLIP). Don't create that raw if you want to deny calls with unknown CLIP.

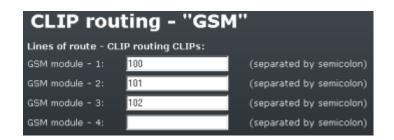


Figure 3.62: LCR Test

• **Description** – Any text describing the meaning of an item.

LCR Test

The **LCR test** item in the Least Cost Router (LCR) menu in the **Telephony services** ta g is used for testing changes in the LCR settings. Enter the calling and called numbers

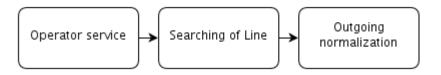
and click on the LCR test 📔 icon below the form to initiate the LCR process simulation.

Input LC	R test
Caller:	
Called number:	

Figure 3.63: LCR Test

After simulation, the normalised calling and called numbers plus the name of the successfully found output line or the reason why the line search was unsuccessful are displayed.

GSM Routing



Incoming calls from the GSM network are processed by simply being routed to a selected number in the VoIP network. The routing rule may be set for each SIM card of the GSM module separately.

While processing GSM incoming calls, the LCR first tries to find the Operator service according to the GSM module and then according to the SIM card number. After finding the service, it selects the line that is assigned to the Operator service for the incoming call. Finally, the calling number is normalised according to the normalising table.

Operator

To set routing click on the GSM routing reference. The Operator service must be set first. Click on the Operator item to display the table of available operators (see Fig. 3.64).



Figure 3.64: GSM Routing - Operator

To add an Operator service click on the **Add** button. This displays the Operator service adding form (see Fig. 3.65).

Add GSM	routing Op	erator service
Service name:	Operator 100	
Operator number:	100	
VoIP line:	SIP - Internal SIP line	•
Description:	Operator	

Figure 3.65: GSM Routing – GSM Routing Operator Adding Form

- **Service name** The field may contain any alphanumerical characters.
- Operator number VoIP network number to which the incoming GSM call is routed.
- **VoIP Line** Line used for dialling the VoIP network number (also a DISA line).
- **Description** Any text describing the meaning of the operator service.

To change the Operator service select the relevant line and click on the **Modify** button. From now on follow the same steps as mentioned above with the exception that to save the changes click on the **Modify** item.

To remove an Operator service, select the relevant line (as mentioned above) and click on **Remove**.

SIM

Click on the SIM item in the menu to the left to display the list of SIM routing rules (see Fig. 3.66).



Figure 3.66: GSM Routing – SIM Card Routing

Click on the **Add routing of SIM card** item to display the routing rule adding form (see Fig. 3.67).

Add SIM	card routing
SIM card:	8942020320511791124 💌
Service name:	Operator 100 💌
Description:	

Figure 3.67: GSM Routing – SIM Card Routing Adding Form

- SIM card Select the SIM card number in this field. The incoming calls through the SIM number will be assigned to the service selected in the Service name field.
- Service name Operator service through which the calls are to be routed into the VoIP network.
- **Description** Any text describing the SIM routing rule meaning.

Caution
 If the GSM routing rule is set together with the SIM rules (see later), the GSM rule has a higher priority.

GSM

Click on the **GSM** item in the menu to the left to display the list of GSM routing rules.

Devices	GSM routing	y - 33M			
GSM	GSM device	Service name	Description		
Services	GSM module - 1	Disa line 21		N	
Mobility Extension	GSM module - 2	Disa line 21		Ν.	
Fax	GSM module - 3	Disa line 21		×	
LCR	GSM module - 4	Disa line 21		N	
GSM routing					
 Normalization 					
* G5M					
* SIM					
• Operator					
SIP proxy					



Click on the **Add routing of GSM device** item to display the routing rule adding rule (Fig. 3.69).

Add GSM	device routing
GSM device:	GSM module - 1 💌
Service name:	Operator 100 💌
Description:	

Figure 3.69: GSM Routing - GSM Module Routing Rule

- **GSM device** Enter the GSM module number. The incoming calls through this module will be assigned to the service specified in the Service name field.
- Service name Service through which the calls are to be routed into the VoIP network.
- **Description** Any text describing the GSM routing rule meaning.

GSM Routing Normalising

The table normalises the calling (CLIP) numbers of the incoming calls from GSM network.

The normalisation should be made to display the calling number on the IP telephone in such manner, which enables proper routing of the back call into the **2N[®] VoiceBlue** E nterprise gateway.

If, e.g., the gateway is configured to dial the calls into the GSM network by means of prefix 0 and the incoming CLIP from GSM network starts with +420, the prefix +420 must be detached and replaced by 0 (see Fig. 3.70).

Example:

Add GSM	routing n	ormalization
Prefix:	+420	
Remove count:	0	
Add number:	0	
Description:		

Figure 3.70: GSM Routing - Normalising Adding Form

SIP Proxy

IP phones are registered to the internal SIP proxy. The SIP proxy serves as a registrar and location server and also as an RTP proxy for outgoing SIP proxy calls (e.g. calls to a SIP operator).

Devices	SIP proxy routing rules							
GSM	If prefix	Strip	Add	Do action	With parameter			
Services	sip:0			connect to LCR	SIP - Internal SIP line			
Mobility Extension	sip: 199			connect to LCR	SIP - Internal SIP line			
Fax	sip:5			connect to LCR	SIP - Internal SIP line			
LCR	else			lookup registration		1		
GSM routing								
SIP proxy								
 Switch SIP Proxy off 								
 Registrations 								

Figure 3.71: SIP Proxy Main Screen

Fig. 3.71 shows an example of a completed routing table that gets displayed when you open the **SIP proxy** item. Each row represents one rule. Having received a call-establishing request, the SIP proxy searches this table from top to bottom for the appropriate routing rule.

Doing this, it compares the called destination with the value in the first table column. If the called subscriber's identifier starts with the prefix included in the **If prefix** field of the routing rule, the SIP proxy terminates searching and uses the rule found.

The last table row represents the so-called initial routing rule. It cannot be deleted. It is applied to all calls for which no explicit routing rule has been found. The routing rule defines what the SIP proxy should do with a call. It can reject it, forward it to another host and/or port, transfer it to a gateway VoIP line (i.e. to the LCR), or search for the called subscriber in the database of logged-in SIP telephones. Before one of the above mentioned operations is executed, it is possible to modify the called subscriber's identifier by removing a certain number of characters from the left or adding a new string to its beginning (refer to the Remove and Add columns).

The SIP proxy routing rules define routing (according the prefix of the dialled number). There are 2 rules by default - all dialled numbers with prefix 0 are routed to the internal SIP line and the remaining are to be looked up for registered IP phones.

Add rule

There is an **Add rule** icon below the table too. Click on it to display the rule defining form. Fig. 3.72 shows a form for setting the SIP proxy routing rules. The form fields correspond to the header of the table in Fig. 3.71.

Devices	Add rule	1
LCR	If prefix:	sip:7
GSM routing	Strip:	0
SIP proxy • Switch SIP Proxy	Add:	
• Solition Sup Proxy off • Registrations	Do action: With parameter:	SIP-16

Figure 3.72: Proxy Routing Rule Adding Form

The form and the table include the following fields

- If prefix If the called subscriber's URI (Uniform Resource Identifier) starts with this string, this rule is used for routing. In the SIP environment, the URI is introduced with the "sip:" prefix, which must be included in the value in this field.
- Strip Number of characters following the "sip:" prefix to be removed from the URI before processing.
- Add String to be inserted in the URI behind the "sip:" prefix.
- Do action Define what to do with a call. There are six potential actions in the pop-up menu but, in principle, there are only three of them rejection, forwarding and connecting within the SIP proxy registrations. However, let us mention all the options briefly to have a full picture:
- 1. Reject the called line gets the busy tone;
- 2. Rewrite host forwards the call to the same port of the selected host;
- 3. Rewrite port forwards the call to the selected port of the same host (this can have the same effect as option 5);
- 4. Rewrite host and port forwards the call to any port of the selected host;
- 5. Connect to LCR connects the call to the selected gateway SIP line and thus to the LCR; and finally
- 6. Lookup registration tries to search the SIP proxy registered users for the required URI and forward the call to the appropriate host.
- With parameter The above actions, except for the first and last ones, require a parameter to be set. This parameter is a new routing destination for call forwarding and the SIP line name for the Connection to 2N[®] OfficeRoute action.

In the figure - routing is done according to the prefix. The action might be Connect to LCR, Reject, Change host and port and Lookup registration. The parameter means here the routing destination of a call. There is a significant difference against the Normalising table – the prefix is not removed in the proxy rule.



Switch SIP Proxy Off

The proxy may be switched off when the unit is used as a UMTS router only.

If the integrated SIP proxy server is switched on, it may be switched off by clicking on the **Switch SIP Proxy off** menu item.

If the SIP proxy server is switched off, it may be switched on by clicking on **Switch SIP Proxy on** menu item.

Registrations

It is possible to monitor via the web interface which equipment units are registered at the SIP proxy.

3.7 Administration

Main Configuration

Here set the main parameters for using the device (e.g. PIN for SIM cards, DSP codecs – G.729 or G.723, Mobility Extension enable).

Main configuration	Administration	
Set time zone	Confirm remove:	✓
Synchronize time	Enable SIP session progress:	✓
Update firmware	Advanced config of regular	
Upload licence	expressions:	
Configuration backup	DSP codec:	G729
Reboot	Default language	en
	Max user session time:	3600 (seconds)
	Simple login page:	
	SIP proxy port:	5060

Figure 3.73: Main Configuration – Administration

- **Confirm remove** Warning message before deleting settings.
- **SIM card routing** Enable the SIM card as a routing object.
- Enable SIP session progress SIP session process signalling.
- Advanced config of regular expressions Regular expressions provide a concise and flexible means for identifying strings of text of interest. This checkbox is for special cases.
- **DSP codec** Type of codec used by the digital signal processor.
- **Default language** Default language for administration.
- Max user session time Time in seconds for automatic logout from the administration after inactivity.
- **Simple login page** Check off this option to enable a simple login page.
- SIP proxy port define port which is used for communication between 2N[®]
 OfficeRoute proxy and SIP terminals. The default port is 5060.

🔒 Caution

Having changed the default SIP Proxy port, change the internal line port to be entered behind the IP address, separated with a colon (refer to <u>Subs. 3.6 - SIP lines</u>) to avoid a $2N^{\textcircled{R}}$ **OfficeRoute** call set-up error.

Set Time Zone

Here set the time zone for **2N[®] OfficeRoute/2N[®] VoiceBlue Enterprise**.



Main configuration	Set timezor	ıe	
Set timezone	Warning: The system:		
Synchronize time			
Update firmware	Select timezone	Europe/Prague	•
Upload license			

Figure 3.74: Main Configuration – Set Time Zone

Synchronise Time

Set synchronisation of the $2N^{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mathbb{R}}}}$ OfficeRoute/ $2N^{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mathbb{R}}}}$ VoiceBlue Enterprise time with the PC time.

Main configuration	Synchronize	e time	
Set timezone	Gateway time:	Month 7 / Day 15 / Year 2009	0:09:59
Synchronize time	Computer time:	Month 7 / Day 15 / Year 2009	0:09:50
Update firmware			
Upload license			
Configuration			

Figure 3.75: Main Configuration – Synchronise Time

Update Firmware

The firmware update helps you exchange the **2N[®] OfficeRoute/2N[®] VoiceBlue Enterprise** firmware version. For updating, the firmware delivered by the gateway producer, or the firmware loaded from the producer's websites has to be used exclusively.

The firmware updating serves mainly for recording of repairs of potential failures or new software versions with updated functions.

To update the firmware, click on the **Update** item and then on the **Update firmware** i tem. This displays the firmware file adding dialogue.

Select the path to the firmware file by pushing the **Browse** button and upload the new firmware version into **2N[®] OfficeRoute/2N[®] VoiceBlue Enterprise** by pushing the **Update** button.

Main configuration	Update firmware		
Set timezone	Update firmware from file	Procház	et.
Synchronize time			
Update firmware			
Upload license			

Figure 3.76: Main Configuration – Update Firmware



Upload Licence

The licence file is necessary for switching on the purchased services provided by the **2N[®] OfficeRoute/2N[®] VoiceBlue Enterprise** gateway.

Every newly purchased **2N[®] OfficeRoute/2N[®] VoiceBlue Enterprise** unit is without the licence file. Before uploading, save the licence file on your PC hard-disk and remember the path to it.

To upload the licence file into the gateway click on **Update** in the **Setting** menu, and then on **Upload licence**. Then, the licence file adding dialogue will be displayed as shown in Fig. 3.77.



Figure 3.77: Main Configuration – Upload Licence

Configuration Backup

This menu helps you back up the whole configuration (including the licence and IP address). While uploading configuration you can check the 'Do not extract licence' item in order not to overwrite the gateway licence by the licence saved in the backup file.

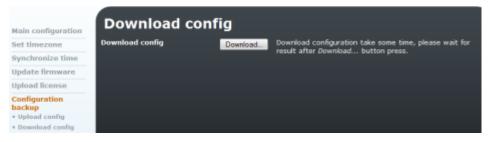


Figure 3.78: Main Configuration – Configuration Backup



Figure 3.79: Main Configuration – Upload Configuration

Reboot

Reboot the device. The rebooting process takes approximately 3 minutes.

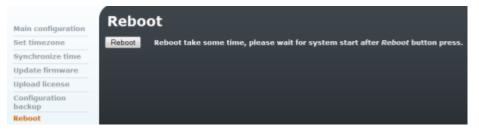


Figure 3.80: Main Configuration - Reboot



4. Function and Use

This section describes the basic and extending functions of the product. Here is what you can find in the section:

- 4.1 States and Logs
- 4.2 Messaging
- 4.3 Factory Reset

4.1 States and Logs

States

This menu provides information on all $2N^{\mbox{(B)}}$ OfficeRoute/ $2N^{\mbox{(B)}}$ VoiceBlue Enterprise devices, registered VoIP extensions, calls and tariff metering states.

Tariff Metering

The list of available tariffs and usage of free minutes/SMS are displayed. Click on

in the right-hand bottom corner to restore the calling and SMS limit.

States	Tar	iffication							
Tariffication Calls Devices Registrations	Tariff name		Day of restore call limit	Tariffi [se	cation rc]	Free min/SMS	Called min/SMS	Lest time used	Lest day of restore call limit
Call accounting	<u>asm</u>	SIM card - 8942001133538131601				1000/500	02:00/1	1/4/2011 12:20:30 AM	
Logs									
Download logs									
Connection speedometer									

Figure 4.1: States - Tariffication

- **Tariff name** Name of the tariff created.
- Line ID Line for which the tariff has been created.
- Call limit restoring day Day in a month on which called minute counters are reset.
- Tariffication Applicable tariffication rule.
- Free min/SMS Count of available free minutes and SMS.
- Called min/SMS Count of used minutes and SMS.
- Last time used Date and time of the last call or SMS.
- Last call limit restoring day Date of the last minute and SMS limit restoring.

Calls

Information on current calls.

Tariffication From Name Line ID To Name Line ID Duration 5 Calls Calls	itate
• Calls	
10 Unknown SIP - Line to my SIP operator /S1143775 0 0:01:12	
Devices Registrations	

Figure 4.2: States - Calls

The columns include:

- From Calling number.
- Name Calling line name. It is completed only if this function is supported by the call-initiating IP telephone.
- Line ID Line via which the call came to the gateway.
- To Called number.

- Name Called line name. It is completed only if this function is supported by the call-initiating IP telephone.
- Line ID Line via which the call left the gateway.
- Duration Call duration time.
- **State** Connection status.

Devices

Signal strength and registration status with respect to external proxies.

States	Devic	es		
 Tariffication 	Line ID	Туре	State	Info
 Calls 	19	SIP	DOWN	Line isn't registered
 Devices Registrations 	17	FXS	UP	Line UP
Call accounting	18	GSM	UP	Signal: -75 dBm, Technology: EDGE
Logs				

Figure 4.3: States - Devices

Registrations

Information on registered users.



Figure 4.4: States - Registrations

Call Accounting

Provides detailed records on calls to mobile networks. The records on accomplished calls are saved into files in the text format. The file that the gateway currently saves call data into is called 'current.acc'. At the end of a predefined period of time, the file is renamed automatically and the gateway starts saving new call records into an empty file. The names of the closed files correspond with the respective period of time. To display the list of saved call data files open the **Call accounting** menu in the States and Logs tags.

States	Call accour	nting	
Call accounting	Report name	Size	Last changed
Logs	110310.acc	297 b	2011/03/10 15:17:32
Download logs	<u>110314.acc</u>	0 b	2011/03/14 12:29:41
Connection	110325.acc	0 b	2011/03/25 09:59:12
speedometer	110328.acc	0 b	2011/03/28 08:26:40
	110329.acc	2683 b	2011/03/29 12:52:36
	110330.acc	1097 b	2011/03/30 17:47:08
	110331.acc	1047 b	2011/03/31 15:42:21
	110401.acc	598 b	2011/04/01 10:38:18

Figure 4.5: Call Accounting

Using the icon it is possible to set the period of accounting reports, chose type of data contained in the CDR and set rules for deleting old CDR files.

States	Call acc	ounti	ng	
Call accounting	Accounting peri	iod:		
Logs	Day:	۰		
Download logs	Week:	۲	Weeks start:	Sun 💌
Connection	Month:	۲		
speedometer	Quarter:	۲		
	Year:	۰		
	Report options:			
	SIM id:	SCID 💌		
	Gateway S/No:	Y		
	To delete repor	ts:		
	Never:	۰		
	Older than:	٠		Days 💌

Figure 4.6: Call Accounting – modify

- Accounting period Select the period of accounting reports. In the case of a weekly report it is possible to specify the first day of report.
- **Report options** Select items included in CDR:
- **SIM Id** Select the type of SIM Id displayed in the CDR SCID, CIMI or none.
- Gateway Serial No If checked, each CDR will include the serial number of the gateway.
- **To delete report** Specify a rule for deleting old CDR files.

Each file row corresponds to one call. For an example of a record see below.

** 30.03.05/08:35:57 O-OK CAU-000 gsm/1 0:08 000:10 123456789 +420602123456 4444 8942020390514319884

The record consists of fields separated with spaces

**- introductory sequence of the record.

- 30.03.05/08:35:57 Date and time of call arrival in 2N[®] OfficeRoute.
- O-OK Call type and status. The character before the hyphen indicates the call direction: 'I' represents calling from and 'O' calling to the GSM network. The two characters following the hyphen indicate how the call was cleared: 'OK' means correctly and 'FD' means disconnection due to error.
- **CAU-000** Call clearing code (error). The following options are available:

Code	Meaning
CAU-000	Normal call clearing
CAU-001	Internal protocol stack error
CAU-002	Protocol error
CAU-003	Alternative service
CAU-004	No free circuit
CAU-005	User busy
CAU-006	Call rejected
CAU-007	User not responding

- **gsm/1** Module number via which the call was made.
- 0:08 Call setup time. Time between call reception by the gateway until the called user's answer.
- **000:10** Call duration (from the moment of the called user's answer).
- 123456789 2N[®] OfficeRoute identifier serial number (optional).
- +420602123456 Called number.
- 4444 Calling number.
- **8942020390514319884** SIM card identifier.

Logs

Events that come into being during the gateway operation are recorded in operation journals for subsequent error analysis purposes. The events are divided into five groups and saved into separate files

- **Debug** Extended information used for development/diagnostic purposes.
- GSM AT Gateway GSM module communication record. This journal includes all AT commands sent to the GSM modules by the gateway and responses sent back.
- Data connection Logging of communication between the module and the network between data connection.
- Warning Events that should not occur normally but their presence has no effect on the gateway behaviour.
- **Error** Errors that limit or jeopardise the gateway function. Their occurrence usually signals an approaching fatal error.

5	Modif	y logs settings
Il accounting	Clear debug l	og at startup: 🔽
5	Add date to l	
bug		
AT	Logs per pag	e: 50
connection	Rotate size (kB): 200
g	Files count:	5
logs	Rotate by:	
on ieter	Size:	٥
neter	Day:	•
	Week:	•
	Month:	•
	Debug log le	evel:
	Other:	V
	SIP:	1
	H.323:	
	2N PBX:	•
	GSM:	2
	Admin:	2
	LCR:	2
	DISA:	
	FAX:	
	FXS:	
	POP3:	
	SMTP:	

Figure 4.7: Logs - Settings

The form in Fig. 4.7 contains the following fields:

- Clear debug log at start-up Define whether or not the tuning journal file should be deleted automatically upon the gateway power up.
- Add date to log Define whether or not the gateway should add a timestamp to the events recorded.
- Logs per page Number of lines to be displayed at the same time on one journal page.
- Rotate size (kB) If the Rotating criterion is set in the Size (see below), the journal files shall be 'rotated off' whenever the defined size is exceeded (in kilobytes).
- **Files count** Maximum number of 'rotated-off' files of each type that are stored in the gateway memory. The earlier ones are deleted automatically.
- Rotate by Rotation criterion. The journal files are closed and renamed when a certain condition is satisfied and a new file is used for event recording. The files can be closed at the end of a defined period of time (day, week, or month) or when the specified size is achieved.
- **Debug log level** Define which tuning record categories shall be recorded.

Download Logs

The viewing of the logs using a web browser as described in the preceding subsection is ineffective for complicated retrieval of events that happened in the distant past. In this case, it is more advantageous to download the journal files to your PC and view them using more sophisticated tools.

To download packed log files click on **Download**.

States	Download	logs	
Call accounting	Download logs	Download	Download logs take some time, please wait for result after
Logs			Download button press.
Download logs			
Connection speedometer			

Figure 4.8: Download Logs

Connection Speedometer

In this section you can check your uploading and downloading speed. For more details refer to <u>Subs. 3.4</u> – Network Settings.

4.2 Messaging

Thanks to an integrated SMS server, the $2N^{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mathbb{R}}}}$ OfficeRoute/ $2N^{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mathbb{R}}}}$ VoiceBlue Enterprise gateway is capable of not only sending but also receiving and delivering SMS.

Sending of SMS messages from the web interface. Every user with SMS rights can log in and send or receive SMS.

SMS	Folder Inbox				
• Inbox		Message browsing 1–1, number of messages: 1			
* Sent * To send * Failed		_	414 > 10		
SMS delivery					
SMS storage	Sender	Received	Message		
statistics	2591	2011/01/04 16:36:06	Dear customer, thank you for choosing to buy 2N OfficeRoute.	Reply X	

Figure 4.9: SMS – Inbox Messages

There are 4 folders:

- **Inbox** List of inbox SMS messages.
- **Sent** List of sent messages.
- **To send** List of stored messages that have not been sent yet.
- **Failed** List of messages that were not sent because of an error.

SMS Sending

Click on the envelope icon in the right-hand bottom corner of **Create a new message** to create a new SMS message.

SMS	
Recipient phone number:	
Message:	
Request status report:	-

Figure 4.10: SMS - New SMS

- **Recipient phone number** Number on which the SMS will be sent.
- **Message** Text of the SMS message.
- **Request status report** Tick off to get the delivery report.



SMS Delivery

 $2N^{\circledast}\ OfficeRoute/2N^{\circledast}\ VoiceBlue\ Enterprise's\ internal\ POP3\ server\ provides\ SMS\ downloading\ from\ the\ gateway\ via\ e-mail.$

SMS sending/receiving settings. The settings apply to both the web and SMTP/POP3 SMS sending/receiving ways.

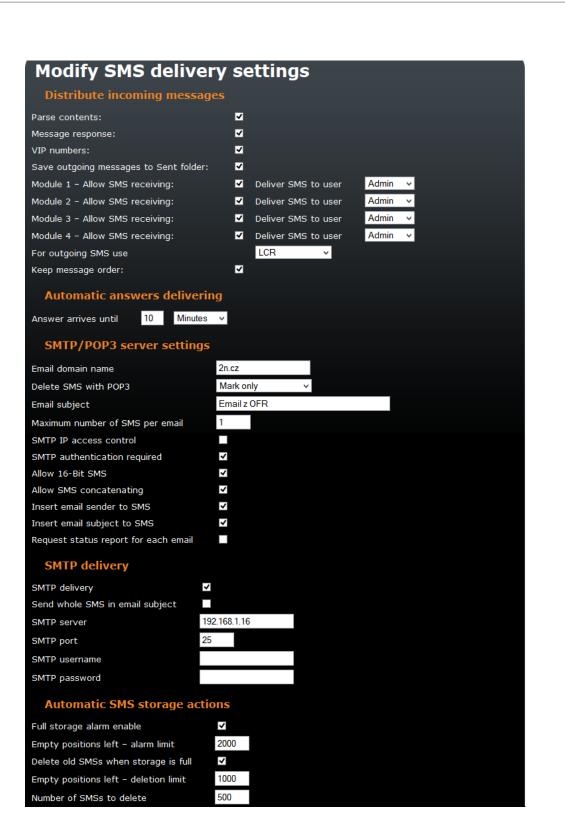


Figure 4.11: SMS - SMS Delivery

The form contains the following fields

Parse contents – Enable SMS delivery according to the contents.

Caution

- To be applied Parse contents settings, the name of the user must be sent at the beginning inside hash characters: # user_name#text_of_the_message.
- User must have SMS rights (Users menu). Otherwise, message will be proceeded to the user according the related GSM module.
- **Message response** Enable response deliveries.
- **VIP numbers** Enable deliveries according to the list of VIP numbers.
- Save outgoing messages to Sent folder Enable the saving of sent messages.
- Module n Allow SMS receiving Deliver to user Enable receiving of SMS for the selected module. Also, select the basic user to receive the SMS received by one of the modules.
- For outgoing SMS use Choose the GSM module for sending SMS.
- Keep message order Send the SMS messages in the same order as they came from the SMTP server or web inteface to 2N[®] OfficeRoute.
- Answer arrives until Set the time for answer to sent SMS messages. Within this time the incoming SMS from the same telephone number as that in the sent SMS will be routed to the user who created the SMS. After this time the SMS will be routed to the user who is defined as the default user for GSM module n.
- Email domain name The domain name must be equal to the POP3 domain name. The domain name is used for the SMS sender and SMS receiver for example - SMS_sender_tel.number@domain name and SMS_receiver_tel.number@ domain name
- Delete SMS with POP3 An already read message could be deleted from the POP3 server. You can delete the message or mark it as already read (i.e. still available in the Inbox directory through the web-based interface, but the POP3 server cannot see it).
- POP3 email subject Subject of the message to be filled in according to the 2N[®] OfficeRoute settings.You can use formatting strings in the text as well
 - %n sender number
 - %u receiver number
 - %d date
- Maximum number of SMS per email The SMTP server makes one or more SMS messages from incoming e-mail (the maximum count of created SMS messages is set in the web-based interface. It is possible to set from 0 to 100 messages).
- SMTP IP access control Define the IP addresses or ranges that are allowed to send SMS by e-mail.
- SMTP authentication required Authentication goes through the username and password, which are used for registering to the web-based interface of 2N[®] OfficeRoute. Every SMS will be changed to e-mail in the Inbox directory after successful authentication.
- Allow 16-bit SMS The server supports only 7-bit messages encoded according to ISO-8859-1 or 16 bit Unicode UTF-8 (messages with a different encoding could be illegible if received as SMS messages).

🔒 Caution

- **2N® OfficeRoute** also supports GSM03.38 encoding, which, however, does not contain all national characters (just some Greek alphabet or some special French alphabet characters). With 7-bit encoding selected, it is checked whether the character is included in the GSM03.38 alphabet. If so, the character is entered using GSM03.38; if not, a corresponding character without diacritics is entered instead. With 16-bit encoding, all the SMS characters are 7-bit encoded using GSM03.38. If the GSM03.38 set contains all the SMS characters, the SMS is sent as a 7-bit one. If not, it is set as a 16-bit one.
- Allow SMS concatenating Enable merging of multiple SMS messages into one longer SMS message.
- Insert email sender in SMS Enable inserting the email sender in the SMS.
- Insert email subject in SMS Enable inserting the email subject in the SMS.
- Request status report for each email Enable sending of status confirmation to e-mail.
- SMTP delivery Tick off to resend all received SMS by email to the specified SMTP server.
- Send whole SMS in email subject Enter the SMS text into the email subject. This setting is suitable for sending emails to 2N[®] NetStar.
- **SMTP server** IP address or DNS of SMTP server.
- **SMTP port** SMTP server port.
- SMTP username Authorise the user for communication if the SMTP server requires so.
- SMTP password Authorise the user for communication if the SMTP server requires so.
- Full storage alarm enable Whenever the count of empty SMS storage positions drops below the limit, an info message will be sent to the Admin user box.
- **Empty positions left alarm limit –** Set the info SMS sending limit.
- Delete old SMSs when storage is full Whenever the count of empty SMS storage positions drops below the limit, the set count of SMS will be deleted automatically.

🔒 Caution

- SMS messages are deleted from the SMS storage starting from the oldest one, independently of the user and folder in which they are stored (Delivered, Sent, etc.).
- Empty positions left deletion limit Set the SMS deleting limit.
- Number of SMSs to delete Set the count of SMS to be deleted from the full SMS storage.

The server awaits e-mail in the Text/Plain, Text/HTML, Multipart/Mixed or Multipart/Alternative formats. From a Text/HTML message only the body of the HTML message, without formatting, is put in the SMS message. From Multipart/Mixed and Multipart/Alternative messages only the first part of the message is used, enclosed between strings, mentioned in the header under the name 'boundary'.

SN

The SMTP server makes one or more SMS messages from incoming e-mail (the maximum count of created SMS messages is set in the web-based interface. It is possible to set from 0 to 100 messages) in the form F:<sender><CRLF>S:<e-mail subject (max. 10 characters)><CRLF>e-mail body. Messages of the length of 160 characters are sent subsequently to the receiver via the Admin account (already sent SMS messages are available in the user Admin SENT directory).

VIP Numbers

There is a **VIP numbers** item in the **SMS delivery** menu in the **SMS** group tag. When you open it, you get a list of predefined VIP numbers that is searched whenever a new SMS is received if the **VIP number** delivery rule is active.



Figure 4.12: SMS Delivery – VIP Numbers

The columns include:

- VIP number Beginning (or the whole) of the SMS CLIP to which a list of addressees is assigned.
- **Description** Any text that describes the meaning of an item.
- Available users List of users to be delivered SMS.
- Selected recipients List of selected gateway users to be delivered the SMS messages that meet the specified criterion.

You can move user names from one list to another using the arrows located between the lists. To do that, select the user with the left-hand mouse button and then click on the arrow pointing at the other list.

SMTP IP Access

The SMTP server enables the sender IP address control as well as authentication. With the help of the web-based interface you can enable or disable the IP address control as well as set the list of allowed IP addresses.



Figure 4.13: SMS Delivery – SMTP IP Access

SMS Storage Statistic

This table includes an overview of all text messages in **2N[®] OfficeRoute**. Up to 10,000 records (SMS) can be stored in the memory. For the SMS storage table see Fig. 4.14. The first column shows the list of all **2N[®] OfficeRoute** users. The rows then show the SMS statistics for each user. The last two rows inform of the storage filling percentage and free positions for SMS.

Use the respective ***** icon to delete each SMS statistic for a selected user, delete all SMS statistics for a selected user, or delete statistics of delivered, sent and other SMS for all users. The cross in the right-hand bottom corner of the table deletes all SMS statistics in the SMS storage.

SMS storage st	atistics	•						
Name				To send	Failed			
100								
101								
102								
Admin								
Overal statistic of the storage							13	
	Name 100 101 102	Name Inbox 100 0 101 0 102 1 Admin 1	100 0 2 101 0 0 102 1 % 0 Admin 1 % 9	Name Inbox Sent 100 0 2 33 101 0 0 1 102 1 33 0 Admin 1 33 9 33	Name Inbox Sent To send 100 0 2 % 0 101 0 0 0 1 102 1 % 0 0 Admin 1 % 9 % 0	Name Inbox Sent To send Failed 100 0 2 38 0 0 101 0 0 0 0 0 102 1 38 0 0 0 Admin 1 38 9 38 0	Name Inbox Sent To send Failed 100 0 2 % 0 0 1 101 0 0 0 0 0 1 </td <td>Name Inbox Sent To send Failed Total 100 0 2 % 0 0 2 101 0 0 0 0 0 0 102 1 % 0 0 0 1 Admin 1 % 9 % 0 0 10</td>	Name Inbox Sent To send Failed Total 100 0 2 % 0 0 2 101 0 0 0 0 0 0 102 1 % 0 0 0 1 Admin 1 % 9 % 0 0 10

Figure 4.14: SMS Storage Statistic

4.3 Factory Reset

If you need to do factory reset, follow the steps below:

- 1. Disconnect the gateway from the power supply.
- 2. Push and hold the Factory reset button.
- 3. Connect the gateway to the power supply.
- 4. Keep pushing the Factory reset button for at least 20 seconds.

After these steps the factory reset is executed.

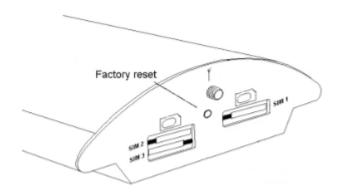


Figure 4.15: Factory Reset Button

2N

5. Technical Parameters

This section describes the technical parameters of the product.

5.1 Technical Parameters

5.1 Technical Parameters

VolP

Signalling standards	SIP, H.323
Number of channels	4
Codecs	G.711 PCM (64 kbps)G.729A CS-ACELP (8 kbps)G.723.1 MP-MLQ/ACELP 6.3 kbps (optional)
PCM quantising	A-law / µ-law

Mobile networks

Mobile network type	UMTS WCDMA FDD EGSM 900 phase II GSM 1800 MHz
SIM cards	Plug-in 3V (small)
Transmission power	2W (1W)
Receiver sensitivity	-95 (-104) dBm

Antenna

Frequency	UMTS WCDMA FDD 850/1900/2100 MHz GSM 850/900/1800/1900 MHz
Impedance	50 Ω
Maximum output power	2W
Antenna connector type	SMA

FXS

Interface type	2-wire analogue, FXS
Telephone connector type	RJ12, 6/6
Call impedance	600 Ω
Loop voltage	50V DC
Loop current	max. 40mA
Tone frequency	425Hz
Dialling type	tone (DTMF)
Ringing voltage	45Vef 30Hz
Answer supervision	Polarity reversal



Power Supply

Adapter	230V±10%, 50/60Hz / 12V DC
Supply voltage	12V / 2.5A
Supply connector	DC jack, 2.1 mm
Power input	up to 20W

Interface

USB	Connector type A and B, host and master USB 2.0	
Micro SD		
Ethernet	RJ-45 10/100 Base T	
Protocols	IP, ICMP, TCP, UDP, DHCP, RTP, TELNET, SSH, HTTP, HTTPS, SMTP, SNMP, POP3	

Operational Conditions

Temperature	0°C ÷ 40°C
Relative humidity	5 ÷ 90% non-condensing

Others

Dimensions (without connectors)	250×150×50 mm
CE certification	EN 60 950:2000, EN 55 024, EN 55 022 Class B

6. Supplementary Information

This section provides supplementary information on the product. Here is what you can find in this section:

- 6.1 Regulations
- 6.2 Troubleshooting
- 6.3 General Instructions and Cautions

6.1 Regulations

2N[®] OfficeRoute conforms to the following directives and regulations:

- Directive 1999/5/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council, of 9 March 1999 – on radio equipment and telecommunications terminal equipment and the mutual recognition of their conformity
- Directive 2006/95/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 12 December 2006 on the harmonisation of the laws of the Member States relating to electrical equipment designed for use within certain voltage limits
- Directive 2004/108/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 15 December 2004 on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to electromagnetic compatibility and repealing Directive 89/336/EEC
- Directive 2002/96/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 January 2003 on waste electrical and electronic equipment
- Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH), establishing a European Chemicals Agency, amending Directive 1999/45/EC and repealing Council Regulation (EEC) No 793/93 and Commission Regulation (EC) No 1488/94 as well as Council Directive 76/769/EEC and Commission Directives 91/155/EEC, 93/67/EEC, 93/105/EC and 2000/21/EC
- Directive 2002/95/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 January 2003 on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment

6.2 Troubleshooting



For tips for the solution of other potential problems see faq.2n.cz.



6.3 General Instructions and Cautions

- Please read this User Manual carefully before using the product. Follow all instructions and recommendations included herein.
- Any use of the product that is in contradiction with the instructions provided herein may result in malfunction, damage or destruction of the product.
- The manufacturer shall not be liable and responsible for any damage incurred as a result of a use of the product other than that included herein, namely undue application and disobedience of the recommendations and warnings in contradiction herewith.
- Any use or connection of the product other than those included herein shall be considered undue and the manufacturer shall not be liable for any consequences arisen as a result of such misconduct.
- Moreover, the manufacturer shall not be liable for any damage or destruction of the product incurred as a result of misplacement, incompetent installation and/or undue operation and use of the product in contradiction herewith.
- The manufacturer assumes no responsibility for any malfunction, damage or destruction of the product caused by incompetent replacement of parts or due to the use of reproduction parts or components.
- The manufacturer shall not be liable and responsible for any loss or damage incurred as a result of a natural disaster or any other unfavourable natural condition.
- The manufacturer shall not be held liable for any damage of the product arising during the shipping thereof.
- The manufacturer shall not make any warrant with regard to data loss or damage.
- The manufacturer shall not be liable and responsible for any direct or indirect damage incurred as a result of a use of the product in contradiction herewith or a failure of the product due to a use in contradiction herewith.
- All applicable legal regulations concerning the product's installation and use as well as provisions of technical standards on electric installations have to be obeyed. The manufacturer shall not be liable and responsible for damage or destruction of the product or damage incurred by the consumer in case the product is used and handled contrary to the said regulations and provisions.
- The consumer shall, at its own expense, obtain software protection of the product. The manufacturer shall not be held liable and responsible for any damage incurred as a result of the use of deficient or substandard security software.
- The consumer shall, without delay, change the access password for the product after installation. The manufacturer shall not be held liable or responsible for any damage incurred by the consumer in connection with the use of the original password.
- The manufacturer also assumes no responsibility for additional costs incurred by the consumer as a result of making calls using a line with an increased tariff.

Electric Waste and Used Battery Pack Handling



Do not place used electric devices and battery packs into municipal waste containers. An undue disposal thereof might impair the environment!

Deliver your expired electric appliances and battery packs removed from them to dedicated dumpsites or containers or give them back to the dealer or manufacturer for environmental-friendly disposal. The dealer or manufacturer shall take the product back free of charge and without requiring another purchase. Make sure that the devices to be disposed of are complete.

Do not throw battery packs into fire. Battery packs may not be taken into parts or shirt-circuited either.



2N TELEKOMUNIKACE a.s.

Modřanská 621, 143 01 Prague 4, Czech Republic Tel.: +420 261 301 500, Fax: +420 261 301 599 E-mail: <u>sales@2n.cz</u> Web: <u>www.2n.cz</u>

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